

# The Chelsea Standard.

VOL. XVI. NO. 9.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, APRIL 7, 1904.

WHOLE NUMBER 789

## CHELSEA SAVINGS BANK,

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

Oldest and Strongest Bank in Western Washtenaw County.

Capital and Surplus, - \$90,000.00  
Guarantee Fund, - - - \$150,000.00  
Total Resources, - \$500,000.00

Money to Loan on Good Approved Security.

This Bank is under State control; has abundant capital and a large surplus fund and does a general Banking business.

Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

We draw Drafts payable in Gold in any City in the World.

Make collections at reasonable rates in any banking town in the country.

PROMPT ATTENTION GIVEN TO ALL BUSINESS ENTRUSTED TO US.

Deposits in the Savings Department draw three per cent. interest which is paid or credited to account on January 1st or July 1st.

Safety Deposit Vaults of the best modern construction. Absolutely Fire and Burglar Proof.

Boxes to rent from \$1.00 to \$5.00 per year.

Your Business Solicited.

### DIRECTORS.

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## HUMMEL ROOSTER CROWS

### TOWNSHIP MEETING RESULTS

A Decisive and Clean Cut Victory—Republicans for First Time Elect Their Entire Ticket.

At the township election held Monday Jacob Hummel the republican nominee was elected supervisor by a plurality of 137 over his nearest competitor and by a majority of 39 of the entire vote. Also the entire republican ticket as placed in the field at the big caucus was elected by majorities ranging from about 100 to 300. This is one of the most clean cut and decisive victories in the history of Sylvan politics, and the first time in the history of the republican party that it has elected a complete ticket in this township. This result followed largely because of two reasons. The first was the excellence of the ticket headed by Jacob Hummel and another was that a straight-out persistent effort was made to elect the whole ticket and not to trade off some candidate to the advantage of another.

In electing Jacob Hummel Sylvan has elected a man to be proud of, a capable and trustworthy official and a man who plays the political game fair. On one other occasion he was a candidate for the nomination of supervisor and was only defeated by a very narrow margin and by methods that have been questioned by many, but he stuck to the nominee after the caucus and helped to elect him. This spring he again went after the nomination and landed it by the decisive majority of 82 in the caucus; but his opponent, the man who has the reputation of trading anyone on his ticket to help himself, and who is believed never to have so much as gone across the street in the interest of another candidate, added another characteristic to his political make-up and bolted the caucus and openly had his knife out for Hummel and for no other than the selfish reason of putting himself in office. Jacob Hummel after his fair treatment of the perpetual candidate and then to be turned on the way he was deserved to win and the voters thought so too and decisively put on their stamp of approval. Hummel gained largely over his caucus vote while Bacon's vote fell away. Figures are not always dry reading. And this does not tell the whole story either. Probably there are a hundred or more who voted for Bacon that were deceived into a belief that his candidacy was warranted and that he would be a winner. If another election were held today, the facts being known as they are, there would be many more to put the stamp of disapproval on this latest attempt at party insurrection.

The tabulated result is as follows.

SUPERVISOR	
*Hummel.....	374 - 39
*Bacon.....	237
Sweetland.....	98
*Hummel's plurality over Bacon 137	
CLERK	
Cole.....	474 - 241
Thacher.....	232
TREASURER	
Riemenschneider.....	408 - 103
Faist.....	305
HIGHWAY COMMISSIONER	
Mensing.....	399 - 72
J. Geddes, sr.....	307
JUSTICE PEACE	
Wood.....	505 - 303
Beckwith.....	202
JUSTICE PEACE	
Gage.....	426 - 146
Lighthall.....	280
SCHOOL INSPECTOR	
Kruse.....	460 - 216
Fenn.....	244
BOARD OF REVIEW	
Merkel.....	500 - 298
Merkel.....	202
CONSTABLES	
Alber.....	490
Schussler.....	511
Faller.....	496
Little.....	495
Young.....	209
Mohrlock.....	197
Leach.....	194
Main.....	194

### SOME BASE BALL GOSSIP

Something About the Plans of the Junior Stars—A Number Trying for Each Position Insures a Good Team for the Season.

As the opening game to be played on April 16 with Pinckney high school at this place, is only a little over a week away, the enthusiasts are daily asking as to the make-up of the team for this season, and so a little notice along this line will not be amiss. The pitching staff will consist as far as known now of McCain, Beissel and Upson. Everyone who knows McCain and Beissel, know that they can be depended upon to win a majority of their games, and while Upson, formerly of the New York state league is an unknown quality, he comes

highly recommended. The catching department will be strong with Cook and Taft, even stronger than last year for Cook was unable to play during the latter part of the season, and his loss was keenly felt. At first Dorr Rogers and Bert Steinbach will fight it out for the position. Both are good players and it will be a good race between them. At second Raffrey the slugger will again be seen, as he took good care of the position last year and will likely handle throws from catcher even better than last year. At short stop and third Holmes, C. Schenk, McGuinness and E. Steinbach will fight for the two vacant positions. In left field Bacon will undoubtedly be seen, as no one seems to want to try to beat out the "midget." While for center and right there are a large number of candidates, among them being McLaren, McNamara, Kelley, Lighthall and L. BeGole if he does not play on the Ann Arbor team. Thus it will be seen that the team, whose prospects looked poor at first are at present very good, as there are at least two men trying for nearly every position on the team.

An agreement between the Detroit Banners and Junior Stars has been made whereby the former team will meet the Junior Stars here on July 4th for two games. The Banners were one of the few teams to defeat the Stars last year, winning by a score of 7 to 5. The teams have met four times and the Banners have won three times. They are the best drawing card that could be secured.

### FOOD VALUE OF OYSTER.

Bivalve Does Not Rank with the Cod, Haddock or Mackerel—The Blue Point.

As a matter of interest there is only one species of oyster, *ostrea virginica*, along the eastern coast of North America, says Good Housekeeping. The western coast has at least five species, but only two of these are of importance, and these do not compare with the eastern shellfish. Thus it is apparent that a blue point, a Providence river and a Chesapeake bay oyster are one and the same thing, so far as species is concerned. The difference is merely a matter of environment, a difference in food supply and conditions in growth.

The noted blue point comes from the Long Island shore, from what was once a natural bed. It gets its name from the little town of Blue Point, off which the beds were discovered. These oysters were of handsome shape and extra appearance, and at once commanded fancy prices. It was only a matter of time when these and neighboring beds would be worked out, and then it was found necessary to resort to "seeding" or "planting"—that is, covering the beds with young oysters from other localities.

The oyster is rich in phosphates, but is almost entirely lacking in fatmaking, muscle-building material and those elements which go to make up physical force and vitality. While it is wholesome and easily assimilated, the actual food value of the oyster is not sufficient to rank it with our great food fishes—the cod, haddock, mack rel, etc.

### TREES IN CHINA.

Government Sends Out Minute Instructions for Planting of Timber in the Denuded Sections.

Tree planting in northern China is being strenuously enjoined by the authorities, not only as a productive industry for the people, but alike as a means of strengthening the river embankments against floods and of checking drought. Of late years, says Golden Penny, trees have been cut down by wholesale for agricultural purposes, while the peasants do not take the trouble to plant fresh ones, because the soil is so loose that they must dig down very deep for a satisfactory foothold. So vast tracts of fertile land are left barren, while in the northern provinces especially the influx of sand carried by high winds from the Mongolian deserts threatens to fill up the unoccupied ground.

So in the important province of Chih, which contains the capital, Peking, there is a government proclamation notifying the "Eight directions for tree plantation"—most minute instructions as to the kind of trees required, the depth they should be planted and the fertilizers to be used—and the "Ten benefits to be derived from the same," such among others, as the sale of timber and fruit, the beneficial influence of trees in attracting rain, preserving the just equilibrium of wind influences, and purifying the atmosphere, while, "travelers and families will find shade and rest under the branches"—a poetic touch for conclusion.

### SAVES TWO FROM DEATH.

"Our little daughter had an almost fatal attack of whooping cough and bronchitis," writes Mrs. W. K. Haviland, Armonk, N. Y., "but, when all other remedies failed, we saved her life with Dr. King's New Discovery. Our niece, who had Consumption in an advanced stage, also used this wonderful medicine and today she is perfectly well. Desperate throat and lung diseases yield to Dr. King's New Discovery as to no other medicine on earth. Infallible for Coughs and Colds. 50c and \$1.00 bottles guaranteed by Glazier & Stimson. Trial bottles free.

## APPROPRIATIONS VOTED

### HIGHWAYS GET A SLICE

Contingent and Poor Funds Also Taken Care Of—Bounty on Woodchucks and Some Birds.

At the one o'clock meeting at the town hall Monday for the purpose of transacting such business as properly may come before the electors the following matters were ordered for the ensuing year.

In the matter of highways \$1,200 was voted to be raised. Of this amount appropriations were specified for Foster's hill, \$25; cross road from Hathway's to Webers's \$50; the road from Dancer's to Liebeck's \$50; the road west of John Kalmbach's \$40; road east of Hoppe's \$50; road north of Looneys \$40; and the road north of Conways \$50.

A bounty was voted placed on woodchucks, crows, hawks and owls of 15 cents each.

Fifteen hundred dollars was voted for the contingent fund and \$200 for the poor fund. The total amount ordered raised for township purposes for the year being \$2,900.

### PATHMASTERS.

The path masters elected at the noon meeting are as printed below.

- No. 1—W. Canfield.
- No. 2—C. Loree.
- No. 3—Fred Sager, jr.
- No. 4—John Wortley.
- No. 5—Peter Forner.
- No. 6—W. S. Davidson.
- No. 7—Joe Liebeck.
- No. 8—P. Broesamle.
- No. 9—Joe Sibley.
- No. 10—J. W. O'Conner.
- No. 11—C. Riemenschneider.
- No. 12—J. Kalmbach.
- No. 13—J. Riemenschneider.
- No. 14—John Miller.
- No. 15—Otto Hoppe.
- No. 16—Jas. Runciman.
- No. 17—Geo. Gage.
- No. 18—H. Cooper.
- No. 19—C. Grieb.
- No. 20—M. Franklyn.
- No. 21—Wm. Taylor.
- No. 22—C. Kalmbach.
- No. 23—D. Hiem jr.
- No. 24—Geo. Bower.
- No. 25—C. Hydlauff.
- No. 26—H. Dwight.
- No. 27—R. Waltrous.
- No. 28—Peter Liebeck.
- No. 29—Fred Weber.
- No. 30—J. B. Dean.
- No. 31—Fred Schaible.
- No. 32—H. Fisk.
- No. 33—M. Schenk.
- No. 34—Dan Conway.
- No. 35—Ed. Spaulding.
- No. 36—P. Schweinfurth.
- No. 37—John Burns.
- No. 38—Wm. Laird.
- No. 39—
- No. 40—John Ke lan.
- No. 41—P. Riemenschneider.
- No. 42—L. Gage.

### A MUSKRAT PATROLMAN.

Patrolman Thos. Reardon allows that the muskrats were out in force to get a good look at Patrolman McInerney Wednesday. Anyway, that officer bagged nine "rats" in the territory between Mechanic street and the Otaego hotel. While walking his beat Mr. McInerney came across the nine rodents. A tap with his night-stick put them all out of business. New candidates came so quick and fast that at one time it was thought it might be necessary to call the patrol wagon and reinforcements.—Jackson Patriot.

### TESTIMONY OF A MINISTER.

Rev. Jno. S. Cox, of Wake, Arkansas, writes: "For 12 years I suffered from Yellow Jaundice. I consulted a number of physicians and tried all sorts of medicines, but got no relief. Then I began the use of Electric Bitters and feel that I am now cured of a disease that had me in its grasp for 12 years." If you want a reliable medicine for Liver, Kidney trouble, stomach disorder or general debility, get Electric Bitters. It's guaranteed by Glazier & Stimson. Only 50c.

### TO OPEN THIS WEEK.

All haste is being made for the opening of the Otaego hotel the latter part of this week. The furniture is being placed and the carpets laid. The hotel employes are being secured, and none but the best are being employed. One of the clerks will be W. G. Bricken, who has resigned at hotel Ruhl. Mr. Bricken was formerly with the Cadillac and also the Wayne hotels at Detroit. He will be on the night force at the Otaego.—Jackson Patriot.

### A LOVE LETTER.

Would not interest you if you're looking for a guaranteed Salve for Sores, Burns or Piles. Otto Dodd, of Ponder, Mo., writes: "I suffered with an ugly sore for a year, but a box of Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured me. It's the best Salve on earth. 25c at Glazier & Stimson."

### CARPETS.

## GOOD CLOTHES!

WE want your attention one moment on the suit question.

Clothes don't make the man, but good clothes will make a good man better appreciated by his friends and the public generally.

The best suits are so cheap here that everybody can afford them. Our



\$10.00,  
\$13.00  
AND  
\$15.00

### MEN'S SUITS

are models of perfection made from stylish materials, artistically tailored and

### Our Suits

### Fit the Form

We want you to see them after you have looked at other places. You will find that we not only save you money, but dress you up in better style than you were ever dressed with a ready-to-wear suit.

## W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY

See our advertisement on local page.

GROCERIES



## Farm Tools

of all kinds at lowest prices.

We still sell Fence at old price although prices have advanced. Fence Wire, Posthole Diggers, Buggies, Road Wagons, Farm Wagons and Farmers' Handy Wagons.

Furniture stock is complete with lots of new things. Prices right.

## W. J. KNAPP.

## JEWELRY.

Saving your money. When you put your cash into good jewelry it's just like saving it. You always have that which is worth what it cost. The prettiest things are here.

## A. E. WINANS, JEWELER.

Repairing of all kinds a specialty.

Sheet Music and periodicals in stock.

## FRESH FISH

At the Central Market

A full line of prime cuts of choice young beef fine veal, spring lamb, pork, smoked meats, sausages of all kinds, dressed poultry at rock bottom prices.

## ADAM EPLER.

Phone 41, Free delivery.

Take The Chelsea Standard

## WALL DECORATIONS!

New designs in paper Hangings that will transform your apartments and cost you little money.

### IT IS REMARKABLE

How much a little money will do when invested in Wall Paper at the

## BANK DRUG STORE.

### WE ARE SHOWING

A fine assortment of dainty patterns suitable for bedrooms, etc., 7c to 10c double roll.

Granite Kitchen Papers 8c to 12c double roll

We have a very large assortment of popular patterns suitable for diningrooms, halls, etc., at 10c to 16c double roll.

Heavy Gills for Parlors, light and dark shades 18c to 50c double roll.

Ingrains with Rich Borders.

Moire Ceilings—all tints

Picture Moulding to match

AT THE

## BANK DRUG STORE.

CHELSEA TELEPHONE NUMBER 8

"The horrors of war are unpeakable." So are the names of the generals.

In the slow motion of Russia there is always something terribly suggestive of a glacier.

A Boston paper has a half column article on Huldah B. Todd. Let's see; who is Huldah Todd?

It is said the people of the United States "eat \$150,000,000 worth of candy in a year." Fudge!

The Anaconda Standard notes the advent in its town of the first "robin." Graft?—or only perchblimbers?

Thought is the most wonderful thing in the world. No man ever kicked a bulldog after stopping to think twice.

It was all up with the Bashostchadani and the Stereguschichi when they went down entangled with their non-enclature.

Turkey is buying 1,000,000 Mausers, perhaps under the impression that its Macedonian subjects are not enjoying life as they should.

The Atlanta Constitution asks, "Should a lawyer enter politics?" Well, as a practical question, it's largely a question of practice.

Those physicians who insist that eating apples will elevate the moral standard seem to have forgotten what happened to Adam and Eve.

College athletes are wanted in St. Louis by the company that has the roller chair concession. This looks like a great chance for pushing young men.

A German journalist says that King Leopold of Belgium is the "American among European monarchs." This is the severest thing said about America lately.

Imagine Patti sitting in her state-room with her husband, cheerfully counting the \$200,000, and tying up the bills in bundles, on her way across.

Travelers from Vladivostok report that the winter there has been so unusually mild that the sea is now frozen only six miles from the harbor. How balmy!

It has been decided that Washington will have a baseball club this season. All doubt concerning the team that will be at the tail end is, therefore, removed.

Perhaps the average man would as soon fail for \$17,000,000 as for a paltry \$5,000,000. What is the difference in a few millions anyway to the man who is everlastingly broke?

The town of Brookline, which it costs \$1,220,844 a year to run, consumed 781,279.63 gallons of water last year. Total quantity of champagne consumed not stated.

Fear that China will join Japan should the first land battle be won by the mikado ought not to worry Russia. All she need do is to go out and win that particular battle.

Referring, as a Berlin paper does, to King Leopold, as "an American among monarchs," is as doubtful a compliment as it would be to refer to Harry Lehr as a typical Belgian.

A leg gun that is being cast at Reading, Pa., is to have a range of thirty miles. It may yet come to pass that a shot may not only be heard around the world but fired around as well.

Marquis Ito has been presented with a house in the Korean capital. After looking at pictures of a few Korean houses we are not disposed to believe that Ito has much to brag about.

It is mentioned as one of the praiseworthy traits of the Duke of Cambridge that he didn't forsake his wife. Has it come to pass that such a sacrifice is worthy of the world's special attention?

King Menelik has a glorious future before him. He will bring to the St. Louis exposition some ivory, tropical fruits and the like and take back the cakewalk, the rag-time song, the opium and the persimmon.

A Pittsburg Sunday school teacher vouches for the story that a New Zealand whale not long ago swallowed a man and then delivered him, safe and sound, to light again. This ought to silence the heterodox brethren.

Dr. Bull of New York, the famous appendicitis expert, is suffering, not from appendicitis, but from intestinal indigestion, and instead of obeying the injunction, "Physician, heal thyself," he called in three other expert doctors right away.

The illustrious Bob Fitzsimmons has gone into training for his next great struggle, which will be that of conducting a restaurant on the "pike" at the St. Louis exposition. It may be that he aspires to the honor of being the champion heavyweight cook.

FROM ALL OVER MICHIGAN

Michigan Wool.

The wool season has opened in this state under favorable conditions for sellers. While there are some unfavorable features in the woolen trade, it is not probable that they are important enough to injure wool prospects materially. The season is backward and this always affects the market adversely. If the weather improves an improvement in the market will follow. In the interior of this state some dealers are quoting 15c to 19c for unwashed, according to shrinkage and quality, while others quote 15c to 20c, and it is likely the latter prices will be obtained for desirable fleeces. Very little of the lower priced wools will be sold, as the flocks of heavy merinos are so prominent in the state have been largely crossed with delaine merino rams or those of the nutton breeds. The great bulk of the clip will be crossbreds, running from one-quarter to one-half blood, with a good sprinkling of the delaine fleeces from Rambouillet and delaine merino flocks. The clip of the state is of exceedingly mixed character owing to flock owners using rams of different breeds so generally. There may be three or four distinct lines of blood in a flock, and each one will leave its impress on the fleece.

After Many Years.

After a search since childhood, William Barry, of New York, now 29 years old, found his mother in the St. Clair county poorhouse at Goodells and took her back to his eastern home, where the old woman will spend the remainder of her years in comfortable circumstances. While yet a babe Barry's father died and he became separated from his mother and was placed in a public orphanage. After he had grown up and acquired some property Barry began a search for his mother. He hunted from one end of the country to the other, but all clues ended in failure, until recently he learned that his mother had a sister at one time in Port Huron. He came on and learned that Elizabeth Barry, his mother, had become a ward of the county. He hastened to the poor farm, where an affecting scene took place when mother and son were reunited after a separation of twenty-eight years.

A Real Hero.

A feature of the Michigan Central wreck, in which Engineer French and Brakeman Youngs of Jackson were killed last Friday morning, was the heroic action of Fireman Ross Moses, the 19-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Moses, of Niles, who, terribly scalded and in a nude condition, braved the storm to flag a freight train which was heading down upon the wreck from the rear. His face was scalded and his nose literally cooked by steam and hot water, his hands, arms, neck, thighs and feet were terribly burned, and about half the time since the accident he has tossed about in delirium. However, he appears now to be on the road to recovery.

The Railroads Suffer.

With miles of their tracks still under water and embankments washed away in dozens of places, Michigan railroads are struggling with a condition almost as serious as that caused by the heavy snow storms during the winter. Freight is rapidly accumulating in the yards, and traffic is nearly paralyzed. Conditions were at their worst Saturday and Sunday, and Monday morning a slight improvement was reported. The express companies began on Saturday accepting goods for shipment only with the understanding that all responsibility for delay or damage, must be assumed by the owner on arrival.

Save the Fruit Trees.

Prof. L. R. Taft, superintendent of the horticultural department of the State College in a recent bulletin says that the San Jose scale has been found at various points in Michigan. This scale will kill an apple tree in from three to five years. It spreads very rapidly and in a short time will ruin a whole fruit belt. Every fruit-tree owner should examine the branches of his trees and forward to Prof. L. R. Taft for brochures that answer scale. The professor will identify the disease. The best cure for this disease is a wash used in California, a compound of lime, sulphur and salt.

Whitefish Planting.

The state fish hatchery at Sault Ste Marie has received 10,000,000 whitefish fry from the Detroit hatchery and 1,000,000 lake trout fry from Northville, Mich., both shipments coming from the United States fish commission, which is working in conjunction with the state in the operation of the institution at the Sault Ste Marie. These fish, later on, will all be planted in Whitefish bay, Lake Superior. There is a falling off in the supply of whitefish fry this spring owing to the unusually small amount of eggs secured in the Detroit river last-fall.

Four Babies Burned Alive.

Wesley Switzer, four children, the eldest less than five years old, were burned to death in their home six miles north of Riverdale. The mother locked them in the house alone while she went to a neighbor's, and when she came back found the house burned and the children dead.

Rural free delivery route, covering 25 miles, will be established at Manistiquie.

A bill appropriating \$125,000 for a light-house and fog signal at Rock of Ages, Lake Superior, has been laid over the next session.

If a bill now before congress passes to pension soldiers who received rewards for bravery, Alex. McHale, of Muskegon, will receive \$48,000.

Louis Belanger, aged 18 years, of Ann Arbor, died Monday as a result of dropping a cleaver on his foot. Blood poisoning set in, and the foot was amputated in vain.

The Floods Subside.

The flood in Michigan is now practically over. The situation in the Saginaw valley has so greatly improved that further danger is not anticipated. The water has been receding steadily, the limits of the flooded district are rapidly growing smaller, and business is being resumed. The damage by the flood in Bay county will amount to about \$200,000. The receding of the water at Grand Rapids is causing much sickness, especially among children, due, it is thought, to the pollution of the city's water supply.

The Grand Rapids Scandal.

The name of J. Clark Sproat, charged with conspiracy in the Grand Rapids water deal, has been added to the informations against the other respondents, notice having been given the attorneys for the defense. Prosecutor Ward was asked whether Sproat had made a confession. He said: "You may call it what you please. Mr. Sproat has made a statement to me giving the alleged facts in the deal. I have had two interviews with him this week."

Two Wills Left.

Mrs. Mary Rogers, who died in Muskegon recently, has involved the probate courts of Muskegon and Wayne counties in a peculiar tangle. She lived in Detroit, where she owned real estate, and some time ago made a will, filing it in Wayne county. She afterwards came to Muskegon where, two days before her demise, she filed another will. It is now for the courts to decide on her legal residence and which county the will shall be probated in.

Sudden Call.

Police Justice William H. Haggerty, of Grand Rapids, dropped dead in front of the city hall Thursday morning from heart disease. He had just left the police court after disposing of a small grist of business and was on his way to his office. His death caused quite a shock in official circles, as Justice Haggerty was one of the best-known and most popular men in this section. He is survived by his widow and a thirteen children.

STATE NOTES.

Potato famine at Gallen. The maple sugar crop is short. The snow is eight feet deep in Lathrop.

Port Huron will have \$25,000 hospital. Fruit growers of Berrien county may organize.

Maple sugar is a short crop in Berrien county. Mrs. Sarah Kark, of Vermontville, is 101 years old.

Cold-water expended \$25,427.08 on schools last year. Walter Johnson, Thetford, lost two fingers by circular saw.

James Frazer, a woodman near Manistiquie, committed suicide. Frankfort and Point Betsley life saving stations were opened Friday.

J. Wilks, Gardendale farmer, was found dead in bed from gaugrene. Transfer of 25 prisoners will be made from Jackson to Marquette.

A little daughter of William Hatches was drowned in a well near Grayling. H. P. Rupp and wife of the Industrial school, Lansing, have resigned.

Mrs. Fred Stevens, Alpena, was badly burned from gas explosion. The registration of voters in Potatie last week was the largest in years.

The Riverside Manufacturing Co.'s new plant burned Monday. Loss about \$2,000.

Dozens of prairie chickens are being placed in game reserve on Grand Island.

A fireman found a keg of dynamite in coal on a Grand Trunk train near Durand.

A North Adams bulldog had to be killed before he would release his hold on a hog.

Children of North Rome wear badges, "Vote Yes For Me," referring to local option.

Stanley Trail, aged 11, stepped in front of a train at Bellaire and was cut to pieces.

Because of competition, street paving at Menominee cost 10 per cent more than last year.

The water in a church basement at Sodus was pumped out so services could be held.

R. L. Stearns, son of Justice S. Stearns, has been nominated for mayor of Ludington.

Rev. S. Louise Haight last week married the first couple ever wedded in the Benton Harbor Universalist church.

Arthur Eggleston fell into a vat of boiling water at the mill of the Charlevoix Lumber Co., and was so severely scalded that there is little hope of saving his life.

The Dimondale creamery is doing a rushing business while the condensed milk factory in Lansing is under water. It is taking in 12,000 to 14,000 pounds of milk a day.

The fishermen at Iceburg have been scattering for home the past two days, and hardly a score remain of the 250, or more denizens of that picturesque village of fishing shacks. The annual story of fishermen drifting away into Lake Huron with the ice floes will probably not be duplicated this year.

The old life insurance companies issued policies in Michigan during the year of \$56,558,141.96, and at the close of the year the policies in force amounted to \$235,145,863.45. These companies received in premiums during the year from Michigan policy holders \$8,963,072.08, and paid out for losses \$2,732,708.97.

Oakland county women's clubs are endeavoring to interest children in forestry movement.

Jacob Hoyt, for fifty-two years an employe of the Michigan Central at Jackson, died Thursday.

Mrs. Samuel Borrow, of Grand Rapids, died while water from the flood was rising in her room.

The beekeepers of northern Michigan closed a successful meeting at Traverse City Thursday.

Mrs. Haight, East Tawas, aged 74 years, died from breaking her hip at the Methodist parsonage.

Oscar Teller, aged 17, was killed in the paper mill at Cheboygan by being caught in the machinery.

Burglars in Clarkson took \$45 from a hardware store, \$35 from the post-office, and a horse and carriage.

The making of maple sugar has begun in Berrien county, and the outlook is for an exceedingly small crop.

Miners and operators were to convene in Saginaw Thursday, but the flood conditions prevented a meeting.

The \$5,000 wanted for the completion of improvements at the Northville fish hatchery has been allowed.

Jonesville business men have organized to push the industrial interests of the village, and Quincy proposes to do likewise.

The Menominee River Sugar Co. will give 5,000 pounds of granulated sugar to farmers showing best results from beets.

When Richard Skews, Negaunee, returned from the west he found his wife had begun divorce proceedings, alleging desertion.

The duck hunting season on the Monroe marshes was formally opened Thursday, and ducks are more numerous than ever before.

The Grand Trunk railway has submitted a proposition to the state fair locating committee, to purchase the old fair grounds in Jackson.

Professor Adams, in the hearing held in Detroit, said that railroads of the state are really worth \$43,000,000 more than assessed by the state tax commission.

The state board of health has issued a bulletin inspired by the floods in lower Michigan cities and towns, strongly urging the boiling of all drinking water.

The socialists of Grand Rapids want the primary law for Grand Rapids declared unconstitutional and have commenced proceedings in the supreme court to that end.

Winifred Cornoworth, sent up from Adrian for two years for stealing a horse and buggy in August, 1901, was arrested as he was leaving Jackson prison Saturday morning.

A gasoline launch containing four men who were measuring the height of the water at Saginaw Thursday struck against a bridge and was overturned. Adam Raupp, aged 21, was drowned.

The damage to railroad tracks in the Saginaw valley from the floods is worse than was at first supposed. As the water recedes it is found that miles of roadbed have been washed out.

While returning from giving an entertainment in Courtright, Ont., some Epworth Leaguers had a long fight with the ice, which nearly prevented them from making the St. Clair landing.

John Jones, aged 21 years, of Benton Harbor, a brakeman on the Pere Marquette railway, was dragged 300 feet under the wheels. It was necessary to amputate both legs. His death is feared.

Under instructions from Cleveland, James H. Rough, superintendent of mines for the Cleveland Cliffs Co. went to Ironwood Thursday, to close Ashland mine. Seven hundred men are affected.

Mrs. Emma Hopkins, mother of the 14-year-old Owasso boy who was sent to the reform school for drunkenness, has begun \$5,000 damage suit against three local saloonkeepers for selling liquor to him.

While helping to repair the bank at a Flint dam, Ed White fell in and was carried down stream a hundred feet under-water. He was struck on the head by a cake of ice and badly cut. He was rescued.

The fruit farmers of Berrien county will establish a fruit handling association, such as is maintained by Kent county peach growers at Grand Rapids to take care of their product without commission men.

While digging out some coal from the tender with a pick, a fireman on a Grand Trunk engine discovered a keg of dynamite which had been concealed in the coal. Special agents are investigating the mystery.

Thursday night George Brookmeyer, a fisherman, shot himself through the hand with a revolver when seven miles out on the ice. He had to walk to Bay City, 15 miles through water part of the way, to get a physician.

Samples of water submitted to the Michigan state laboratory at Ann Arbor taken from Grand Traverse bay, the source of the city's water supply, have been pronounced free from typhoid fever germs. There is much typhoid fever in the city.

Lyman King, 10 years old, while out hunting in Hampton township, was accidentally shot by his brother. The bullet passed through the little fellow's bow from the back, smashing two ribs and then struck his upper arm. His arm bent at the elbow, the bullet continued through the forearm, passing clear through. Six wounds were made with the one bullet.

A dwelling house on the farm of Mrs. Helen Cone, in Genesee township, caught fire from a defective chimney early Saturday morning and burned to the ground. The house was occupied by Harvey Lee and family, who made their escape in their night-clothes.

Adrenal chloride brought the dead to life at Cleveland. H. H. Reeves, suffering from grippe, had ceased to breathe, and his pulse beat was imperceptible, when the nerve stimulant was injected, bringing him back to consciousness and ultimately to recovery.

THE NEWS OF THE WORLD

Russia Well Prepared.

The Japanese will have to fight odds of two to one when the great clash of arms begins. This state comes at the Yalu river. This statement was made by Field Marshal Yamagata, who, after the Japanese first in command of the Japanese forces, Field Marshal Yamagata was the original organizer of the Japanese army. "Russian troops have been coming south for a long time," said Marshal Yamagata, "and it is evident that a conflict must result." Two rivers that empty into the Arctic sea run near Lake Baikal. They are navigable in summer and can be used for transportation. The Russians in this way need not rely entirely on the railroad. Large supplies of American flour have been going to Vladivostok for years, and we must expect to meet a well equipped and well nourished army of 350,000. It is a difficult matter to fight a nation with 3,000,000 soldiers. We have to lay our plan very carefully. The Russian plan seems to be to permit the Japanese to have a number of small victories in northern Korea so as to draw them northward toward Harbin. These were the Russian tactics during the Turkish war, they permitted the Turks to win small skirmishes which drew them forward until Plevna. Several victories in northern Korea will stimulate the Japanese ambition so that they will adopt the policy of "on to Harbin," which is exactly the point to which Gen. Kurapatkin seeks to lure them.

England Fears Complications.

The slaughter of the Tibetans entirely kills such waning interest as still exists in London in the Japanese-Russian struggles. The news of the wholesale bloodshed excites as a general rule a feeling of depression, first because the average Englishman scarcely sees that it is necessary and, secondly, because there is general apprehension that it may lead to complications with Russia. The last thing the British public wants at the present moment is another war, and what is most dreaded is a rise in the income tax. Hence, the tragic events in far-off Tibet are especially unwelcome at this period, when the taxpayer is nervously waiting to see how he will be called on to pay off the national deficit.

Russians Withdraw.

The advance guard of the Japanese army in northwestern Korea occupied the town of Seng-Cheng Saturday afternoon without opposition. Seng-Cheng is on the Pekin road eighteen miles west of Chengju and about forty miles south of Wiju.

Japs Win First Fight on Land.

The Japanese legation at London has issued the following account of the Russian repulse at Chong-Ju, Korea: "On March 28 a portion of our cavalry and infantry occupied Chong-Ju after defeating the enemy in Canton street, Chong-Ju. The enemy numbered about 600. They retreated in the direction of Wiju. "Our casualties were Lieut. Kanonawa and four others killed; Capt. Kurokawa and 12 others wounded. There were no casualties among the infantry. "The enemy must have sustained at least equal casualties."

The Japanese Advance.

The inviolable Russ, the army organ, concludes from Gen. Mitschenko's reports of the defeat of the Cossack advance guard at Chong-Ju that the Japanese are continuing their concentration and gradually advancing on their way to Wiju. Their advance guard being at Ha-San and their outposts 10 miles further north. In connection with the activity of the Chinese along the Shan-Hai-Kwan railroad the Bourse Gazette warns the powers of the unreliability of Chinese neutrality and says it believes they are making a serious mistake, declaring that the celestials are going to astonish the world when the world least expects it. The Gazette further declares it to be the duty of the powers to take collective action to strengthen the pressure at Pekin in order to compel the non-participation of China in war and concludes: "Russia cannot forever play the solitary watchdog of civilization in the far east."

WAR NEWS IN BRIEF.

Vice-Admiral Makaroff, commander of the Russian naval forces at Port Arthur, has issued a notification to the effect that all warships and merchant vessels entering the zone of operations at night without lights and during the day without flags will be considered hostile unless they stop when a blank shot is fired. A Japanese merchant who has reached Wei-Hai-Wei from Port Arthur in one of the many Chinese junk boats now driving a profitable trade supplying Port Arthur with foodstuffs, estimates that the food supply is sufficient for one month. He asserts that the garrison does not exceed 10,000. Sir Ernest Satow, British minister at Pekin, has informed the residents of that nationality in New Chung that Great Britain will not interfere to keep a warship here and he advises them to accept the situation as it is. The British residents regard the situation and severely criticize him. It is reported that the vessels of the British naval squadron on the Victoria, B. C., station have received orders from the admiralty to cancel their quarterly practice firing with the light and heavy guns, reserve their ammunition and hold themselves in readiness for instant orders to sail for a distant quarter, presumably Chinese waters.

The House has passed the sundry civil appropriation bill.

Lawyer Max Josephs, whose disappearance from his office in New York two years ago baffled the police, is said by his father to be alive and well in Australia, although he was long ago given up and insurance on his life collected. There was considerable excitement in the Jackson prison about 2 o'clock Monday morning when it was found that the shop of the Brownwell Brush and Wire Goods Co. was on fire. A general alarm was sent in, and all the engines in the city responded. The fire was gotten under control in the course of the day. Iowa has amended her extradition laws to fit cases similar to that at Boone recently, where a woman was charged with sending poisoned candy to a rival in another state, and could not be extradited because her alleged criminal act had not been consummated within Iowa boundaries.

The Ohio Floods.

Reports from various Ohio towns are that the flood conditions are still serious. At DeLancey water is seven feet above normal. Two hundred houses are under water and the river is still rising. Indications point to a continuation of the high water until at least noon Sunday. At Bucyrus, half a dozen bridges have been swept away and the property damaged will reach \$50,000. The Luke cemetery is partially washed away and bodies are seen floating down the stream. The Detroit Southern, and Findlay, Fort Wayne & Western railroads have had hundreds of feet of track washed away. All of East Piqua is submerged, people there living in the top stories of their houses. At Marion several thousand feet of track has been washed away. Trains on the Erie road from the west into Marion are abandoned.

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Herod An Amateur.

That the Ashmed crematory in Philadelphia was not the only one used by the malpractice and baby farm syndicate is asserted by the men engaged in running down the gang whose traffic was in human lives. It is hinted that some farms had more complete plants for covering up their crimes and that those who took the method of abandoning bodies in alleys or throwing them down sewers were not considered up-to-date. Developments to come, it is said, will throw what has passed into the shadow and make Herod look like an amateur.

A Legal Transfer.

The first civil tribunal of the Seine has decided the case of the republic of Colombia against the Panama Canal Co. in favor of the defendants. The decision holds that the complaint of Colombia is not receivable and condemns the plaintiffs to pay the costs of the action. The decision has the effect of removing the legal obstacles in the way of the transfer of the canal concession from the company to the United States.

CONDENSED NEWS.

Milwaukee harbor is filled with ice to a depth of 40 feet, according to the weekly report of ice conditions by the weather bureau. Senator Fairbanks has submitted an amendment to the postoffice appropriation bill to make rural carriers' salaries \$600 the first year, \$720 the second, and \$850 thereafter, and no privileges. Jas. N. Abeel, the young "masher" who, by impersonating J. Ogden Goelet, Jr., in New York and thus won the affections and promise to wed of Miss Eleanor L. Anderson, has been assessed \$75,000 damages by a New York jury.

CONDENSED NEWS.

John Overholzer, aged 64 years, former member of the Iowa legislature, when sentenced to two years in prison for forgery at Los Angeles, Cal., asked the court to make it life imprisonment, rather than face the world with a prison record. "To secure better sanitary results, facilitate cleaning and prevent the lodgment of germs, the Pullman Palace Car Co. is about to put out a new style of sleeper, severely plain, devoid of scroll and grill work, and with a minimum of upholstery. New York's reforming prosecutor, Attorney Jerome, failed to prove his gambling charges against Phil Daly, Jr., and the alleged gaming house keeper was discharged. Four of the five counts against him had previously been thrown out of court. Accused of aiding in the recent Springfield, O., rioting and lynching of Richard, Dixon, the colored murderer of Patrolman Collins, Earl Watkins, a professional base ball player, has been arrested, and will be held pending the readings of the grand jury. Unable to agree to an arbitration of their differences the Iowa miners and operators split in joint conference with the result that every mine in the state will be shut down, throwing 15,500 miners out of employment. The conference adjourned after a session covering six weeks. Admitting his embezzlement of nearly \$250,000 from the American Surety Co. of New York and St. Luke's Home for Convalescents, in Roxbury, Wallace H. Ham, formerly Boston manager of the surety company, was sentenced in that city to an indeterminate sentence of from 15 to 20 years. By the cyclone which injured his body, wrecked his home, and left him penniless with a young wife to support, was James McInerney, of Indiana Harbor, near Chicago, located by pursuing justice. A wife whom he deserted 15 years ago in Hamilton, Ont., injured, had him arrested, and saw him go to prison for five years for bigamy. The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Pett Parisien says it is reported that the Vladivostok squadron, under command of Capt. Reitzenstein, has returned to port with several prizes, including a Japanese warship.

To Adjourn April 20.

The Republican leaders in the house and senate have decided to bring about the adjournment of the present session on April 20, if it can be accomplished. This means that all general legislation will be side-tracked and that the proposed impeachment of Judge Swayne will be held in abeyance until next session. Mr. Dairies thinks nothing stands in the way now. While the House Democrats will probably resist against rushing the session to close, the proposed program can be put through the house without any trouble, but it may be held up in the senate if Senator Gorman and his followers are disposed to fight. From the confident manner in which the Republicans are proceeding it looks as though they do not expect a very prolonged opposition.

Burton's Conviction.

The conviction of Senator Burton, of Kansas, of having accepted compensation to protect the interests of the Blount Grain & Securities Co. of St. Louis, against extradition from the mails, if sustained by the higher courts, means that Senator Burton will lose his seat in the senate and forever be prohibited from holding any office of public trust. Each count constitutes a separate offense and Senator Burton could receive a permanent sentence of two years or a \$10,000 fine on each count. Senator Burton's conviction is the first under this section of the statute which was enacted by congress in 1864.

Ten Thousand Homes Invaded.

White river, overflowed West Indianapolis and covered the first floor of 1,000 houses. There are 25,000 acres of farm lands under water. West Port has been totally abandoned. The inhabitants going to the high lands back of the valley. Reports from cities on White river and its tributaries place the estimate of flood losses north of here at \$1,000,000. One-fourth of this damage was in Madison county. Peru reports \$100,000 loss and Muncie the same. Ten thousand persons have had their homes invaded by the flood.

Forty Thousand Perish.

The latest available bubonic plague returns for the whole of India for the week ended March 19, show the appalling mortality of 40,527, an increase of 7,000 over the preceding week. In the Punjab and the north-west provinces each there is a death roll of 10,000 weekly. In the Bombay presidency the deaths number 5,300 and in Bengal 5,000.

Lady Minto Badly Hurt.

Lady Minto, wife of the governor general of Canada, fell at Rideau park at Ottawa, Ont., and broke one of her legs in two places.

CONDENSED NEWS.

Indianapolis is suffering from high water, and is at the same time without a water supply. The fires at the pumping stations have been put out by the flood. James C. Colgate, member of the New York stock exchange, has taken out an insurance policy for \$1

# About the Seventh Continent

## Fascinating Problems Solved by Daring Discoverers—Geographers Now Affirm that the South Pole Is Surrounded by Land Probably Larger than Europe

When geographers affirm, as they are now doing, that there is no longer any doubt of the existence of the Antarctic continent, they do not mean that explorers have followed all its coast lines, determined its exact shape and crossed it from side to side. This work has not yet been done; and it will be a task of such enormous difficulty that it may not be achieved for many years.

What they mean is simply that the evidence first supplied by Sir John Murray and strengthened by later explorers, that the land around the south pole is continental, has been so reinforced and confirmed by the work of the very latest expeditions that in their opinion there is no longer any room for doubt of the existence of a continent there.

Prof. Penck of Vienna, one of the most distinguished of geographers, has expressed the opinion of many leading men of science when he said that the British and German expeditions had made it perfectly clear that a continent surrounded the south pole. Since he wrote his article on this subject he has received the results of the Swedish expedition in Graham land, to the south of South America.

As soon as the Challenger pushed among the icebergs of the Antarctic, however, it began to dredge from the bottom of the sea rounded fragments of granite and quartz. As it went southward these bits of continental rocks continued to increase in number until, at the most southerly points reached, the rocks, mineral particles and muddy matter derived from continental land made up by far the larger part of the debris that was found scattered over the sea floor. The evidence showed that this material had been torn away from the southern land mass and had been carried out to sea by icebergs that had been launched on the coasts.

All the expeditions which have since visited Antarctic lands have brought home specimens of many rocks that are characteristic of continental lands and not of oceanic islands. They have also found fossil shells, wood and other flora like those of fossil remains found in other continents, indicating a warmer climate in the Antarctic regions during some earlier geological ages. Air movements and other phenomena also have

isphere will be known as Antarctica. Modern geographers have been slow to adopt the conception of a great continent in south polar waters. They knew it had been proved that extensive masses of land existed within the Antarctic circle; but the question whether this land takes the form of a vast continent or of an archipelago of islands frozen under an overland of snow they have regarded as a fascinating problem for explorers to solve.

But the evidence that the continent exists has been accumulating ever since the Challenger went on its famous voyage and penetrated the Antarctic to study the sea floor there. In all of its journeys over the tropical and sub-tropical Pacific the Challenger found no fragments of continental rocks. Its dredges brought up only pumice or other fragments of volcanic rocks such as compose the larger mass of the oceanic islands.

They also penetrated into this land mass a distance of 142 statute miles from the sea and found themselves on top of an ice cap that completely covered the land and was apparently as thick as that which covers Greenland. They were 3,000 feet above the sea in this ice cap when they turned back, having found no indication that the land might not still extend for hundreds of miles before the opposite coasts were reached.

But the British have established another most important and significant fact. As Prof. Penck says, Capt. Scott, the leader of the British expedition, has proved that the Great Ice Barrier, discovered by Ross about sixty years ago, is not the wall of an extensive area of thick pack or sea ice, as Ross supposed it to be, but it is the edge of probably the largest glacier in the world. In other words, it is the frontage of land ice, a part of the icecap of Antarctica, with a width here of at least 700 miles. It is hundreds of feet in height, and reaches the sea by a great plain between the

ham land are large, but they have not discovered their limits, though they have traced the coast lines far to the south.

It is too early yet to attempt to describe or discuss the scientific work of these expeditions, but some of the facts bearing on the question of the southern continent may be mentioned. The British traced the coast of Victoria land over 300 miles south of the point where previous exploration had stopped. The coast was still trending south as far as they could see from the lofty mountains where they took their last look from the most southern point they had reached. They established the existence of a coast line of unknown length, but extending as far as it had been seen about 1,000 miles.

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mountains of Victoria Land and Edward VII Land. The front of the mighty icecap is pushed off the land into the sea.

No theory appears to be tenable except that the manufactory of this colossal icecap must be a land surface of continental extent.

In extending the known coast of Graham land further to the south the Swedish expedition also discovered great ice plains that had been pushed off the land into the sea and terminated in lofty and precipitous ice walls resembling the Ross's famous ice barrier of Victoria Land; and like this barrier it is a true glacier edge and extends for scores of miles along the coasts.

Some day this southern land will be better known. From all that has been seen of it there is little prospect that it will be found to be of any economic importance. But it is quite certain that the ardor for exploration will not subside as long as there remains a land of continental proportions whose extent and shape have not been accurately defined.—Cyrus C. Adams, in Philadelphia Public Ledger.

Style in Opium. The Turks always at their opium, while the Chinese smoke it.

**Japanese Pensions.**  
According to amendments made to the Japanese pension law of 1902, the annual allowances made to the families of military men who were killed or who died from wounds received in battle, according to rank, are as follows: Colonel, \$375; lieutenant-colonel, \$300; major, \$225; captain, \$150; first lieutenant, \$112; second lieutenant, \$90; noncommissioned officer, \$75 to \$30; private soldier, \$28.50 to \$18.

**Adulteration of Candy.**  
The adulteration of and use of inferior materials in the making of candy are beginning to attract much attention in England. Prof. Ooston recently lectured on "saccharomaniacs." He expressed the opinion that future scientists would place the evils of sugar gluttony on a pedestal as conspicuous as the drink question, as causing deterioration of individuals and races.

**Childish Idea of Play.**  
A little girl the other day illustrated two things—the difficulty of selecting the right noun of multitude and the inborn cruelty of childhood. She wanted a game—a game of her own invention. "What is the game?" asked her nurse. The innocent eyes brightened as the answer came: "You be a poor little blind lame lamb and I'll be a flock of tigers."

**Old Satan's Activity.**  
"One thing I likes 'bout Satan," said the old colored brother, "en dat is—he ain't never discouraged! Run him out er one town, en de fust news you hear is dat he done invested in real estate in de next settlement. He ez active ez a Georgia nigger runnin' ten yards ahead er de High Sheriff on a plank road!"—Atlanta Constitution.

**Sarcasm.**  
Amid so much discussion of the rights of women we forget there are some rights which she hasn't got. She has no right to be homely; she has no right to be cranky when she's tired; she has no right to make a row when dinner isn't ready on time. These are masculine rights.—New York Times.

**Long Loaves of Bread.**  
The largest loaves of bread baked in the world are those of France and Italy. The "pipe" bread of Italy is baked in loaves two feet or three feet long, while in France the loaves are made in the shape of very long rolls, four feet or five feet in length, and in many cases six feet.

**Better Forget the Past.**  
It seldom makes a woman happy to have a gray-haired man come up to her at a party and greet her warmly as an old acquaintance and then start in on a pleasant reminiscence conversation about how he and she used to play together when they were boy and girl.

**Portugal Is Illiterate.**  
Portugal is the most illiterate country in Europe; nearly 68 per cent of her population can not write. In Italy the proportion of illiterates is 53 per cent; in Russia, 36 per cent; in Spain, 9 per cent, and in Britain, not quite 4 per cent.

**Odd Irish Chums.**  
There is often to be seen in the streets of Cork a respectable looking man, accompanied by a tame goose, which follows him through the busiest thoroughfares. The bird is said to drink porter with much relish.

**An Explanation.**  
The convulsions seen in the kernel of an English walnut much resemble those of the human brain; hence, when a man's brain is off center we say he is "nutty." Cheerfully submitted.—New York Press.

**Volume of Speech.**  
Experiments have shown that a person speaking in the open air can be heard equally well at a distance of 100 feet in front, seventy-five at either side and thirty behind.

**Water Cures Ailing Cats.**  
In the south of Ireland, near Inchegeach, is the "Cats' Well," the waters of which are supposed to exert marvelous remedial effects upon ailing tabbies.

**Britishers Grow in Height.**  
Statistics show that in fifty years the average height of British men has risen an inch. The present average height for a man is 5 feet 8 1/4 inches.

**German Canaries the Best.**  
The canaries of Germany excel all other canaries as singers. One has been known to continue a single trill for a minute and a quarter.

**Street Car Mail Service.**  
Electric tramway cars in Rome are now fitted with postal boxes, the contents of which are collected every quarter of an hour.

**Crematoriums in Japan.**  
Cremation establishments, under the control of the government, are to be found in the chief cities of Japan.

**Heavy Dew in England.**  
The dew that is annually deposited on the surface of England is equal to 6 inches of rain.

**Proud Record for Scotland.**  
In Scotland there are forty-six parishes without paupers, poor rates or saloons.

# WITH THE WORLD'S BEST WRITERS

## THE INDUSTRIAL SPIRIT.

We are accustomed to regard this age as peculiar in its extreme manifestation of the spirit of industrialism.

The trusts and great commercial combines occupy the center of the stage, and all other interests than those of money seem clearly to be of subsidiary importance.

But, as a matter of fact, it has not been greatly different in any period. Industrialism has always been and will always be the chief interest of mankind.

It is through labor that the race is working out its evolution, moral as well as physical.

Let general idleness prevail for a single year and the wheels of civilization would slip back a century. When primitive man invented his first rude tool of stone or sea shell he marked the dividing line between himself and brute, and he has since grown in intellect and morality only as he has grown in industrialism.

It is industry that has given man purpose and efficiency and comfort. It has elevated and chastened his ideals.

It is the great civilizing, the great moralizing, the great spiritualizing force of the world.

Labor is life. The quick growth of the big combinations has introduced new industrial system rather than any new spirit. It seems to have brought the mere money-getter more prominently to the front through his stupendous successes and made the lot of the common man appear hard by contrast.

But the truth is that never before in the history of mankind was any such large mass of the people comfortable and economically efficient.

Labor with its leavening influence has been carried into deeper and darker recesses of life than ever before.

Inefficiency, pauperism and misery disappear before it as mists of darkness dissipate before the sun.

The domination of industry and commerce over politics is nothing new and perhaps not so alarming as it seems.

Politics is secondary to commercialism in true importance to the public. It ever has been so and ever will be. There is nothing paramount to industry. Political doctrines that do not harmonize with and promote the industrial interests are visionary and ought to die.

The mere money-getting instinct is the lowest in human nature. But this is not to be confounded with the industrial spirit which projects enterprise and sets the heart of mankind thrilling with hope, purpose, effort.

There are no issues between the two parties to-day but commercial issues. Each is seeking to find a standpoint that will be acceptable both to "business interests" and to "labor interests," where these conflicting elements can clasp hands in common cause.

And why not? That standpoint sought is the true Utopia. Pessimists may deny it, but we are every day drawing nearer to it.

All other human questions radiate from this central one. As we solve it, step by step, by getting the world at work, all other questions solve themselves.—Chicago Journal.

## DESTINY OF HUMAN SOULS.

Are the bodies of animals inhabited by the souls of human villains dead and gone? Don't sneer too hastily at the question, for if it should be answered finally in the negative science is at a loss to account for the utter depravity of the animals. It is apparent to the dullest observer that dumb beasts exercise a malign influence over man. Think of the temper ruined by cows that have kicked over half-filled pails of milk. Think of the reputations for truth that have been destroyed by trout. Think of the honesty that has been turned into deceit by the horse, so that they who trade in that animal are bywords among their less sorely tempted brethren. Think of the indefinite prolongation of this list that might be made, and then consider if animals are or are not animated by the souls of human wretches that have passed away.

Some such theory must be accepted, and it is not open to doubt that reasonable people will accept this: The souls of the wicked are condemned to pass into animals and to stay there until they have discovered prospective tenants worse than themselves.

This theory explains everything. The liars inhabit fish, the tricksters horses and those given to butting in become goats. In the attempt to end their tenancy by finding suitable successors, the evil spirits resort to temptations, with, alas! unflinching success. The half-pound trout dropping off the hook flaps his tail in ecstatic certainty that the angler will proclaim him a five-pounder at least. And the look of human anticipation on the face of a goat about to knock some unsuspecting person into a barbed-wire fence can only proceed from the knowledge that the resultant explosion will lower another soul into the mire as a stepping stone for himself.

The theory is irrefutable, and its general acceptance would help the world to a higher plane.—Portland Oregonian.

## MESSAGE FROM LUNDY'S LANE.

The Fifth United State Infantry has adopted a motto, and it is a fine one. It was furnished by Col. James Miller at Lundy's Lane. He was asked whether he could take a certain position of the enemy, and his hand went up in instant salute, while he said: "I'll try, sir."

He won his fight in a manner that is famous to this day. He won as most of the "I'll try" kind of men win.

Of course, a class or a regiment motto and a coat-of-arms are more or less feathers. Alone they never made a student nor a soldier.

But those things do make for luck. They represent ideals and they act as spurs.

Did you ever stop to think what a different world this would be if there were no "quitters"? There are thousands of them in every walk of life. They can't do things. Sometimes, it is true, they are asked to attempt greater feats than they are mentally or physically capable of, and are to be pitied. But they could at least make an effort and die fighting.

In the stores, offices, shops, homes, there is always the element that is afraid. Some fear rules and some work. Others fear that they will do more than they are paid for. Some sulk because Recognition does not always meet Endeavor at the door.

And all in this class represent varying degrees of inefficiency. They do not succeed, because they do not deserve to succeed. They need constant applications and repeated doses of the spirit that filled the breast of Col. Miller at Lundy's Lane. More battles are fought in the fields of commerce, you know, than were ever waged with powder and shot.

There is position and profit waiting for every man who will carry the "I'll try" spirit in his breast. Don't let the pessimists tell you that the field is overcrowded. It isn't, except with mediocrity.

The fellows who do not quite reach are always in the majority, and most of the time the fault is theirs.

It would be good if, over the door of every store and factory and office where men toil and hope for advancement, the brave words of the hero of Lundy's Lane could be carved in big letters.

For, "I will try" is progress.—Chicago Journal.

## MANCHESTER SHIP CANAL.

The Manchester Ship canal, thirty-five miles long and twenty-six feet deep, is one of the nine great ship canals of the world. It is now proposed to deepen it to twenty-eight feet and to make other improvements, upon which \$7,500,000 will be expended. In its present form the canal has cost over \$75,000,000.

An interesting showing of the increasing use that is made of the canal by seagoing vessels is contained in the last annual report of the board of directors. In 1894, the first year the canal was open, the tonnage of toll-paying merchandise in seagoing boats was 686,158. Last year the tonnage was 3,554,636, which was an increase of more than 400,000 tons over 1902. The net revenue from the canal last year was \$830,000, an increase of \$125,000 over 1902.

The revenue is, however, as yet far from being sufficient to pay all the interest on debts incurred, not to speak of dividends on the capital stock. Interests on bonds held by private persons has all been met, but the canal company is now in arrears to the amount of \$8,000,000 for interest due on a \$25,000,000 loan advanced by the city of Manchester.

This condition of affairs does not worry the city at all, for it did not anticipate that the canal company would be able to settle with it from year to year, and it gets its gain in the increased trade that is brought to it by the canal. Arrangements have now been made by which the city is to give the canal company easier terms of payment, and the officials of the company express the belief that in the course of time they can increase the canal tolls to a degree that will greatly increase their revenue. The present plans for the improvement of the canal are sufficient proof that Manchester is well satisfied with its huge investment.—Chicago Record Herald.

## WHEN IS WOMAN HAPPIEST?

When a girl is 18 she thinks the best time of a woman's life must certainly be from 18 to 22. When she has passed her 22d year, she is decidedly of the opinion that from then until the age of 28 really marks the limits of the best time, and when 30 comes on the scene she is ready to give way to all those who believe a woman to be then at the zenith of her life.

It is generally maintained that after 25 the average woman begins to attain her physical and mental perfection, and that for some eight or ten years after this she still retains her charms undiminished. After this time, of course, it depends entirely upon the woman whether she chooses to advertise her years, or by her charming personality and clever dressing conceal all ravages of time.—Philadelphia Ledger.

## SURGERY ON A CHIMNEY.

American Engineer Attained Fame for Unique Feat.

Joseph H. Gerhard recently received from Egypt a letter asking him what method he used in straightening the immense chimney of the Narragansett Brewing company last fall. Mr. Gerhard is the Providence engineer who was called in to restore the leaning chimney to plumb. The Egyptian government building inspector wrote that a tower under construction in Cairo was settling in much the same way and he wanted to know how to save it.

The engineer explained that he had constructed huge steel levers, with concrete foundations, on one side of the chimney and had cut away a number of bricks on the other side. Then he drove kerosene-soaked wooden wedges into the opening made by removing the bricks and set them afire. While the wedges were burning the levers forced the chimney back to its original upright position, and when it had reached absolute plumb the fire was extinguished and the cavity was filled with concrete.

## FINE FOUNTAIN AT CHATSWORTH

Claimed to Be Without a Rival in the World.

The most remarkable fountain in the world is that at Chatsworth, the most beautiful residence in England, as Blenheim is the most imposing, the largest and most astonishing. It was named the Emperor Fountain in honor of a visit paid by the czar of Russia to England about 1850. On the side of a hill behind the palace is a stone temple, from which it will be turned on torrents of water which fall down in cascades upon the wide steps made to receive them, and thence into canals. These water works are copies of those at Versailles. The fountain consists of a single jet that leaps from the garden to a height of 267 feet. Doesn't that seem incredible? The next highest fountain in the world was at Wilhelmshohe, in Hesse Cassel, with a jet rising 190 feet. The Versailles fountain is only ninety feet high, that at Peterhoff in Russia 120 feet, and that at St. Cloud 160 feet.

## TURBINE NOT A NEW IDEA.

Was Known to the Chaldees Some 2,700 Years Ago.

The turbine, of which we hear and expect so much in these days, is by no means an idea new in mechanics. Twenty-seven hundred years ago, in the little nation of the Chaldees, adjoining Armenia, the water turbine was known, and built, and used in milling. It was then called the "shell wheel." The wheel was used in a horizontal position, no effort being made to secure the greatest value of the water pressure. The wheel was connected to a vertical shaft which turned the stone and ground the grain into a coarse flour.

Near the city of Van, believed to have been built 2,000 years B. C., there still remain canals in a good state of preservation. One of them, sixty miles long, is now used for irrigation and power. At one time, centuries ago, there were forty mills on this canal, and to-day the remains of these ancient institutions may be seen. Flour mills, driven by these simple turbines, of the same type as was used there 2,700 years ago, are still in operation.

The Deutcher Mueller, Berlin, says: "These turbines were brought to the notice of the modern world and quite generally adopted in Europe from 1750 to 1830. These Chaldees are not to be confounded with the Chaldeans of Mesopotamia."

## Mayor's Privilege.

A curious privilege attaches to the office of mayor of Limerick. From time immemorial the mayor has claimed the right to a quarter of a ton of coal out of every cargo imported into the town. The coal merchants recently objected to paying this tribute, and a test case was taken to the local quarter sessions. The magistrates decided in favor of the mayor. That official receives over 100 tons of coal from this source every year and distributes it among the poor of the town, although there is no legal reason why he should not use it for his own private purposes.

## A Study in Genius.

Le Rire.

Three beautiful deer that have made their home near Waipole, Vt., strayed on the railroad track a few days ago and were struck by a locomotive and killed.



DR. OTTO NORDENSKJÖLD



VIEW ON THE COAST OF WILKES LAND



THE GREAT ICE BARRIER (VICTORIA LAND)



A BIT OF GRAHAM LAND



SIR JOHN MURRAY

While Outline of the Probable Extent of the Antarctic Continent is Shown on Our Map.

The results of its longest sledge journey are in complete accord with those obtained by the British and German expeditions in widely separated parts of the Antarctic area. They mark the Graham land region as being what Sir John Murray long ago supposed it to be, a great peninsula of the Antarctic continent.

Prof. Penck says we cannot tell how large this southern continent may be, but it is probably larger than Europe, and its area is likely to be over 4,000,000 square miles. There are reasons to believe that this is approximately correct.

Some geographers are now discussing the name that should be applied to the new continent. Dr. Ratzel years ago proposed the name of Antarktis, to include the whole of Antarctic nature, ice and water as well as land. It has been suggested in Germany that this name be restricted to the continent, but the idea has not met with much favor. Some years ago Sir John Murray proposed to adopt the name Antarctica for the continent which he believed to exist around the south pole. This word, in its formation, more nearly resembles the names of the other continents, and there is little doubt that the great frozen continent of the southern hemisphere



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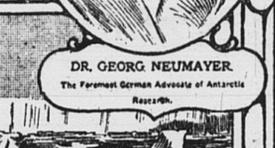
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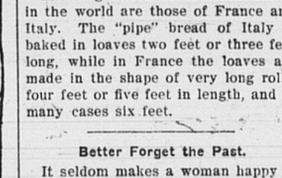
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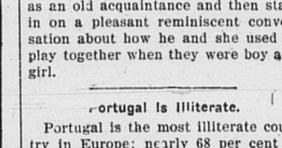
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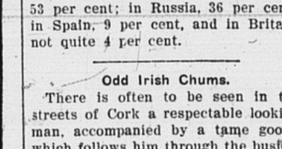
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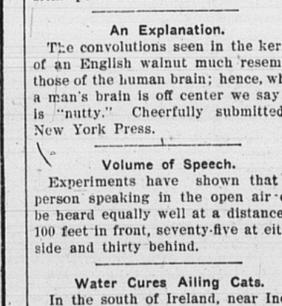
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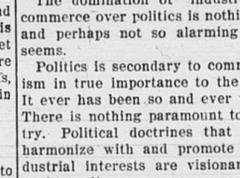
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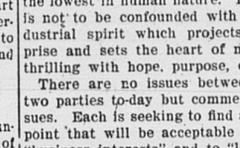
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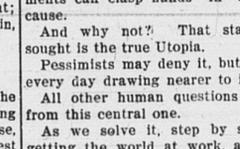
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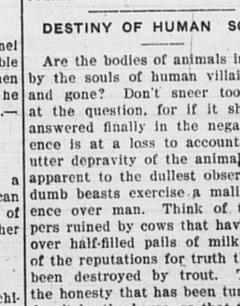
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**THE CHELSEA STANDARD**

An independent local newspaper published every Thursday afternoon from its office in the basement of the Turnhall & Wilkinson block, Chelsea, Mich.

**BY G. O. STIMSON.**

Terms:—\$1.00 per year; 6 months, 50 cents; 3 months, 25 cents.

Advertising rates reasonable and made known on application.

Entered at the postoffice at Chelsea, Mich., as second-class matter.

**STANDARD'S NEW HOME**

WILL MOVE INTO NEW OFFICE

The Old Chelsea Savings Bank Building Will Be Occupied About May 1—Convenient and Business Like.

The publication office of The Standard will be changed on or about May 1 to the building formerly occupied by the Chelsea Savings Bank, next door north of Glazier & Stimson's store.

This we think will be a move greatly appreciated by the friends of this paper. Our offices will then be more easy of access and everyone will be expected to drop in with their news items with greater frequency.

This move, other than the good points easily comprehended is further interesting because The Standard is going into the building first occupied as a publication office. When Andrew Allison first came to Chelsea he occupied the upstairs rooms over Wilkinson's dry goods store which was then in the old bank building.

The Standard is open to congratulations because of this move. We will then be on the level where real business is done.

**FOR THE GOOD OF CHELSEA**

Local Business Men Have Subscribed Liberally to Buy Hand Cars for Men at the Cement Plant.

A commendable bit of town enterprise has been put through this week. The men and firms listed below have subscribed the amounts set opposite their names to provide funds with which to buy hand cars to run to and from Four Mile lake where the big White cement plant is now building. With these cars the men can go over the Bolland tracks to their work and return in the evening to Chelsea thus adding greatly to the benefit of the town. Permission has been given by the town authorities to place the cars for the night and while not in use near the town hall and thus the men can very quickly after quitting time place themselves in Chelsea. Six cars have already been ordered and as the number of men is to be largely increased more cars will be needed.

**"SAVED, OR A WOMAN'S TRIAL"**

Such is the Name of the Comedy Melodrama to Be Played at the Town Hall Friday Evening, April 8.

The following is the cast of characters to appear in the play presented by Jackson people for the benefit of the Junior Stars.

George Fane (a civil engineer), Dr. A. D. Cain  
 Hon. Augustus Cholmondeley (a sportsman), Lee Alderdice  
 Rafael di Rivola (an Italian artist), Elmer Marshall  
 Josie  
 Miss Lillian Pickles  
 Hawkins (valet to Di Rivola), Eugene Towne  
 Beatrice Fane (George's wife), Mrs. Elmer Marshall  
 Trixy (child of Fane), Miss Harriet Youngs  
 Mrs. Merryweather (a dash-ing widow), Miss Leta Hough

The four acts entitled as follows give a clue to the story: Act I—One false step. Act II—For their child's sake. Act III—The return of the tempter. Act IV—Face to face at last.

Between the acts a number of good vaudeville turns will be introduced by local artists. Reserved seats free at Fenn & Vogels. Adults 25 cents, children 20.

**LA FAYETTE GRANGE.**

La Fayette Grange will meet at the Lima, Methodist church, Saturday, Apr. 16, 1904, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

Roll call responded to by quotations from Bryant's poems.

Topic for discussion—The crops, (a) adaptability of the crops to the soil, (b) merits of cultivation and fertilization, (c) improvement of present methods of marketing crops. Also the "Incubator versus the hen" will be discussed.

The Standard is obliged to omit the

**PERSONAL MENTION.**

Dr. W. Conlan of Detroit spent Sunday here.

Fred Schnaitman of Detroit was home Sunday.

H. P. Sney of Dexter was in town Tuesday.

W. E. Stocking of Lansing was in Chelsea Monday.

Miss Lena Foster of Jackson was home over Sunday.

Miss Tillie Hummel of Clinton was home Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Gorman were in Detroit Tuesday.

Miss May Gorman was in Ann Arbor one day last week.

H. Kingsley of Manchester was a Chelsea visitor Monday.

George H. Mitchell is home from Chicago for a few days.

Harold Pierce was last week the guest of his father in Detroit.

Miss Beatrice Bacon of Detroit spent Sunday with her parents.

Will Kellogg, now practicing law in Milan, was in town Monday.

Miss Ola Wackenhut is this week the guest of Jackson friends.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Foran are this week the guests of Chelsea friends.

Miss May Toumey of Ann Arbor is the guest of Miss Edith Gorman.

James Ryan of Dexter spent the first of the week with friends here.

Herbert McKune of Detroit is spending this week with his parents.

Mrs. Ernest Nordman of Jackson was a visitor here one day last week.

Jacob Schweigelmaler of Kalamazoo was the guest of Chelsea friends Sunday.

Arthur Pierce was home from Detroit Sunday and also stayed over on election day.

Miss Amelia Kress of Manchester visited her brother here the first of the week.

Misses Nina Hunter and Ethel Burkhardt were in Ann Arbor Friday and Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Snyder of DeWitt were guests of Mr. and Mrs. O. Hoffman Sunday.

L. L. Winans of Niagara, Falls was the guest of his mother, Mrs. Mary Winans Sunday.

Misses Olive and Tillie Harr were the guests of their parents in Waterloo Sunday.

Miss Josephine White of Parshville is this week the guest of her sister Miss Edith White.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Shafer of Hillsdale were the guests of Mrs. F. D. Cummings Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Hayes of Detroit spent Sunday with their parents Mr. and Mrs. T. McKune.

Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Sullivan of Columbus, Ohio visited Mr. and Mrs. T. Sullivan the first of the week.

Misses Jennie Geddes and Beatrice Hunter were the guests of relatives in Ann Arbor the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Storms and children visited with Romulus relatives several days of the past week.

Austin Easterie accompanied by his friend Claire Congdon of Ypsilanti spent Easter Sunday with his parents.

Miss Mary Dunn of River Rouge spent a few days of this week at the Rectory of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart.

**NEARBY TOWNSHIPS.**

**DEXTER**  
 The entire democratic ticket was elected.

**LIMA**  
 Fred C. Haist, d., was elected without opposition and carried with him the democratic ticket with the exception of Otto Luick for clerk.

**LYNDON**  
 George Runciman, d., had 22 majority and the democratic ticket was elected.

**FREEDOM**  
 A democratic supervisor was elected.

**SHARON**  
 A republican supervisor was elected and the remainder of the ticket was democratic.

The Flood and Pianos and Organs, Maher Bros., Jackson, Mich., sale of pianos, organs, piano players and music boxes, damaged by water in their basement, opens Saturday April 9th, 1904, at store in rear of Lewis & Cary's Grocery on Cortland street near Mechanic. The lowest prices ever made on musical merchandise will prevail.

**GOOD FOR CHILDREN.**

The pleasant to take and harmless One Minute Cough Cure gives immediate relief in all cases of cough, croup, and laryngitis because it does not pass immediately into the stomach, but takes effect right at the seat of the trouble. It draws out the inflammation, heals and soothes and cures permanently by enabling the lungs to contribute pure life giving and life-sustaining oxygen to the blood and tissues. One Minute Cough Cure is pleasant to take and it is good alike for young and old. Sold by Glazier & Stimson.

**Card of Thanks.**

We wish to thank the many neighbors who so thoughtfully lent their presence at the funeral of our late daughter Mrs. Mary Kent. Also the choir for their music and many others who expressed

**LYNDON.**

Herschel Watts is very sick. Edward Doody lost a valuable horse Sunday.

School commenced again on Monday after a two weeks vacation.

We are all glad to see those bright warm days, for the work is very backward winter staying with us so long.

The Gregorian Club of Lyndon will present a play entitled "A Southern Rose" at the opera house in Gregory Friday evening, April 15, 1904. Music will be furnished by the Chelsea orchestra. There will be some fine specialties between acts, instrumental and vocal music. After the play there will be other attractions. All are invited.

Now is the time to take a spring tonic to purify the blood, cleanse the liver and kidneys of all impurities. Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea will do the business. 35 cents. Tea or tablets. Glazier & Stimson.

**SYLVAN.**

Rha Waltz has commenced work for Michael Merkel.

John Monks who has been on the sick list is much improved.

Fred Gilbert and family have moved to their new home in Chelsea.

Mrs. Frank Page is this week the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Allie Page.

Mrs. Allie Page and son Walter were the guests of George Wassner and family Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Levi Watkins were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Smith Friday.

School began Monday in the Schenk district with Miss Charlotte Steinbach of Chelsea as teacher.

**A CURE FOR HEADACH.**

Any man, woman or child suffering from headache, biliousness or a dull, drowsy feeling should take one or two of DeWitt's Little Early Risers night and morning. These famous little pills are famous because they are a tonic as well as a pill. While they cleanse the system they strengthen and rebuild it by their tonic effect upon the liver and bowels. Sold by Glazier & Stimson.

**WATERLOO.**

O. Gorton is on the sick list. Miss Ella Purchase is the guest of relatives here.

Jacob Harr spent Sunday at the home of George Groshans.

David Collins of Detroit was here the first of the week.

Little Ruba Bowdish spent last week with her grand parents here.

Mrs. D. Beeman and daughter of Ypsilanti visited at J. H. Hubbards last week.

The water at the head of the pond is so high that the road is overflowed and not safe to travel over.

George Naufer had two fingers badly cut one day last week while at work sawing wood for John Burns.

At the township meeting the whole democratic ticket was elected with the exception of highway commissioner N. A. Hall receiving 17 more votes than A. A. Barber.

I know a jolly old maiden lady, A lady of high degree, Who never goes to bed—without A drink of Rocky Mountain Tea. Sensible woman. Glazier & Stimson.

**FRANCISCO.**

Harry Richards of Battle Creek spent Sunday with his cousin James.

Miss Lydia Killmer of Chelsea is the guest of her parents this week.

A large crowd from here attended the Kent funeral at Sylvan Sunday.

School began in district No. 2, Monday with Miss Alma Hoppe as teacher.

The Easter exercises were largely attended at the German Methodist church.

Miss Minnie Killmer of Chelsea spent Saturday and Sunday with her parents.

Miss Nora Weber spent Monday with her sister, Mrs. Albert Gutrie at Chelsea.

Mrs. Benter and daughter of Jackson visited Sunday with Henry Notten and family.

Mrs. Sickriest of Jackson was the guest of her sister Mrs. Dan Taylor Wednesday last.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Dancer of Chelsea were Sunday the guests of M. Schenk and family.

Clarence Lehman and sister Ione were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Harvey Saturday and Sunday.

**THE BEST FAMILY SALVE.**

DeWitt's Witch Hazel gives instant relief from burns, cuts, bruises, sores, eczema, tetter and all abrasions of the skin. In buying Witch Hazel Salve it is only necessary to see that you get the genuine DeWitt's and a cure is certain. There are many cheap counterfeits on the market, all of which are worthless and quite a few are dangerous, while DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is perfectly harmless and cures. Sold by Glazier & Stimson.

**SHARON.**

H. J. Reno was in Ann Arbor Friday. Fred Bruestle made a business trip to Ann Arbor Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Gage were in Jackson Saturday.

Edgar Holden purchased a valuable colt of Fred Mensing recently.

Mr. Higgins will draw milk for Hesel-schwerdt Bros. this summer.

Claude Gage has been the guest of his sister Mrs. Bernard Oker at Adrian.

James Cavanaugh has moved from here onto his farm near Ann Arbor.

Mrs. John Wurster of Saline visited her parents Mr. and Mrs. J. Bruestle last week.

Mrs. Herrick who has been spending some time in California has returned home.

Mrs. H. O'Neil and daughter Bell visited at Harry O'Neil in Lima Saturday and Sunday.

Misses Ella and Lucy Reno of Freedom were the guests of their cousin

Milton Heselchwerdt and George Lehman of Ypsilanti and Theodore Jacobs of Toledo came here to vote.

**ARE YOU A DYSPYPTIC?**

If you are a dyspeptic you owe it to your self and your friends to get well. Dyspepsia annoys the dyspeptic's friends because his disease sours his disposition as well as his stomach. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure will not only cure dyspepsia, indigestion and sour stomach, but this palatable, reconstructive tonic digests and strengthens the whole digestive apparatus, and sweetens the life as well as the stomach. When you take Kodol Dyspepsia Cure the food you eat is enjoyed. It is digested, assimilated and its nutritive properties appropriated by the blood and tissues. Health is the result. Sold by Glazier & Stimson.



**HAVE YOU A SORE THROAT? TONSILINE.**

Don't let it run on—it may prove dangerous. Go to your druggist and ask for TONSILINE.

TONSILINE is the greatest throat remedy on earth. Tonsiline not only cures Sore Throats of all kinds, very quickly, but is a positive, never-failing and speedy cure for Sore Mouth, Hoarseness and Quinsy.

It's the stitch in time. Don't neglect to use it. 25 and 50 cents at all druggists. THE TONSILINE CO. CANTON, O.

**REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE Chelsea Savings Bank,**

At Chelsea, Michigan, at the close of business, March 28, 1904, as called for by the Commissioner of the Banking Department.

**RESOURCES.**

Loans and discounts	\$145,098.99
Bonds, mortgages, securities	278,444.33
Premiums paid on bonds	140.00
Overdrafts	291.48
Banking house	30,000.00
Furniture and fixtures	9,736.43
Other real estate	4,000.00
U. S. bonds	2,000.00
Due from banks	
in reserve cities	41,994.09
Exc'ges for clearing-house	5,248.09
U. S. and national bank currency	11,094.00
Gold coin	9,825.00
Silver coin	1,037.75
Nickels and cents	259.61
Checks, cash items, internal revenue account	142.95
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$539,244.13</b>

**LIABILITIES.**

Capital stock paid in	\$ 60,000.00
Surplus fund	25,000.00
Undivided profits, net	7,792.89
Dividends unpaid	82.00
Commercial deposits	59,627.95
Certificates of deposit	51,636.45
Savings deposits	194,137.71
Savings certificates	140,967.13
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$539,244.13</b>

State of Michigan, County of Washtenaw, ss.

I, Theo. E. Wood, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

THEO. E. WOOD, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 28 day of March 1904.

My commission expires Jan. 18, 1908

PAUL G. SCHAEFER, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest: FRANK P. GLAZIER, J. W. SCHEMKE, WM. J. KNAPP, Directors.

**DIRECTORS.**

W. J. Knapp, John W. Schenk, G. W. Palmer, Adam Eppler, W. P. Schenk, Fred Woldemeyer, V. D. Hindelang, Frank P. Glazier, H. I. Stimson.

**G. G. KARECHER**

AGENT FOR

**LIGHT RUNNING PLANO**

**Harvesting Machinery**

Rakes, Knife Grinders, and all kinds of Repairs for Plano Machinery.

**Chelsea Greenhouse.**

Carnations 50c per dozen  
 Roman Hyacinths 35c per dozen  
 Tulips 35c per dozen  
 Hyacinths any color 10c each  
 Lettuce 20c per pound  
 Radishes per bunch of 20 10c  
 Green Onions 5c, 10c and 15c per bunch  
 ELVIRA CLARK, Florist,  
 Phone connection Chelsea, Mich.

**BRIGHT SPRING MILLINERY.**

Our showing of New Spring Millinery is replete with all the latest designs for this season and contains everything in ladies fashionable

**PATTERN AND STREET HATS, NOVELTIES AND TRIMMINGS.**

You are most cordially invited to call and inspect all the spring styles of millinery.

**MARY HAAB.**  
 DRESSMAKING ESTABLISHMENT IN CONNECTION.

**WRINGERS**

**CO-OPERATIVE STORE**  
 HEADQUARTERS FOR

Paints and Oils, Alabastine, Farming Tools, Woven Wire Fence, Sheep Shears, and we have something special on

**SCALES**

at lower prices than ever before. Sewing machines, crockery and groceries.

**Bacon Co-Operative Co.**

Don't buy binder twine till you see us.

**AXLE GREASE**

**HARNESS.**

We are now in a position at the Steinbach Store on Middle street, west to offer exceptional bargains in

**Heavy Team, Light Double and Single Harnesses.**

Also special attention will be given to REPAIR WORK of all kinds.

Bring in your repair jobs. We are prepared to do it promptly and all prices the lowest.

**W. J. KNAPP.**

**CLOTHING.**

We are showing several new cloths suitable for

**SPRING SUITS**

At money-saving prices. Call and examine them.

Our business Suits at \$18.00 and up; our Overcoats at \$15.00 and up; our Fancy Vestings at all prices, last but not least the largest stock of Trousering in Washtenaw county.

For all-wool goods and to be as represented at the lowest possible price, call on

**RAFTREY THE TAILOR.**

Phone 37.

**THE FLOOD**

**Causes Music!**

New Upright Pianos, \$165  
 Organs for \$10.

Our Loss is your Gain if You are Alert Enough to Take Advantage of the Situation.

We have nine new Upright Pianos which formerly sold from \$275 to \$350. We have marked these Pianos for this sale at..... \$165

Included in this sale are four new Uprights in Figured Mahogany and Burl Walnut cases, former price \$375, will sell for..... \$185

Eight Kimball Pianos which are sold the world over for \$400 to \$550, according to style. We have marked these from..... \$210 TO \$275

Forty Organs, various makes, all styles. These we will sell from..... \$10 to \$35

KIMBALL, THE KING OF AUTOMATIC PIANO PLAYERS. Attach one of these to that Piano you are not using and a child can produce the most difficult music. The price now is..... \$175

These goods may be a trifle marked in moving hurriedly from our basement or the finish injured on lower foot of instruments, but all are guaranteed for a term of years.

**Salesroom**  
 Cortland St., East of Mechanic St.  
**MAHER BROS.,** Jackson, Mich.

**ATHENAEUM**  
 JACKSON, MICH.

Monday, April 11

Special engagement of

**Mr. N. C. GOODWIN**  
 IN

"The Gilded Fool"

Prices, 25, 50, 75, \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2.00

Thursday, April 14

"The Governor's Son"

Prices, 25, 50, 75, \$1.00.

Friday, April 15

**Mr. Edwin Hol**  
 IN

"THE CARDINAL"

Prices, 25, 50, 75, \$1.00.

Sale of seats open three days in advance and may be ordered by mail phone.

**BE FIRST**  
 and you're last to be sorry.

**ARE YOU READY?**

We Are Ready Now To make your

**Suit, Overcoat and Trousers**

Best line to select from.

**WEBSTER**  
 THE TAILOR

**WHY?**  
 DR. STEGER PULLED IT

**Kodol Dyspepsia Cure**  
 Digests what you eat.

# This Is The Spot

We are after you. We want your  
**Grocery Trade**

and if low prices, good goods, fair treatment, honest business methods will get it we have your case won.

## THESE ARE REASONS

- 30 pounds granulated sugar \$1.00
- New Orleans molasses 60c gallon
- Fancy table syrup 25c gallon
- Broken Java coffee 10c pound
- 6 pounds rolled oats for 25c
- 2 packages cream crisp for 25c
- 2 packages maple flake for 25c
- Tea dust 2 pounds for 25c
- 13 bars laundry soap 25c
- Good mixed candy 6c pound
- Dinner sets cheaper than anywhere.
- Toilet sets were \$2.50 now \$1.50
- Porcelain lamps 1 1/4 off

It pays to trade at Freeman's store.

# Freeman Bros.

F. P. GLAZIER, President. O. C. BURKHART, 1st Vice Pres.  
W. M. P. SCHENK, Treasurer. F. H. SWEETLAND, 2d Vice Pres.  
JOHN W. SCHENK, Secretary.

## Chelsea Lumber & Produce Co.

Sell all kinds of roofing. Wiggins B asphalt roofing, Three-ply black diamond prepared roofing, Big B line. White pine, red and white cedar shingles, brick, tile, lime, cement. Farmers' market for all kinds of farm produce.

See our Fence Posts before you buy.

Get our prices--we will save you money.

Yours for square dealing and honest weights.

## Chelsea Lumber & Produce Co.

Office, corner Main street and M. C. R. R.

## Smart Styles of Springtime.

We cordially invite you to inspect our display of spring

## HATS AND NOVELTIES

Many well considered and tastefully made patterns--no fads or freaks.

MILLER SISTERS.

TRY OUR

# SHAKER

# BREAD

ONCE USED--ALWAYS USED.

## Furnishing Goods and Groceries

AT

CHELSEA GUMMINGS GOODS DELIVERED FREE. CHELSEA PHONE NO. 43.

## LOCAL EVENTS

Mrs. Katherine Girsch is very ill. Friday, April 29, has been proclaimed by Gov. Bliss as Arbor Day.

The next regular review of the L. O. T. M. M. will be held Tuesday evening April 12.

J. J. Raftery, the contractor and builder of swell clothes, has had his sign repainted and letters regilded.

Dr. Tower, the Ruma Katak man, has been in Chelsea a number of times since the close of his demonstration here.

Mrs. C. S. Winans left Monday for New York city where she will meet Mr. Winans. They will go later to Washington.

The Christian Endeavor society gave a free social at the Jabez Bacon home Wednesday evening. About 50 were present.

Manager McLaren has lately booked the Detroit College for a game here on May 1, and also Solling & May's strong team for July 30.

Charlie Merker is rushing the season. He has a potato plant over a foot high and in blossom and also a hen leading a brood of chickens.

All the merchants of Chelsea have agreed to the closing hour of 8:30 p. m., local time, from April 1 to Sept. 1, 1904 except Saturday evenings.

The old saying that it makes a difference whose ox is gored has been strikingly illustrated of late by some countenances seen on the street.

Misses Pauline Burg and Anna Corey were the guests of Ann Arbor young men Monday evening and attended the Spanish War Veteran's ball.

Floyd Ward will sing between the acts of the Junior Star benefit performance given by the Jackson Dramatic company at the town hall tomorrow evening.

Members of the Modern Woodman Camp are requested to be present at a special meeting next Monday evening. Important business will be transacted.

Next Wednesday evening it is expected that there will be a big delegation of Maccabees here from Ann Arbor to visit the local lodge and confer the Oriental degree.

Kalmbach & Parker report the sale of the following real estate. Henry Schiefelstein residence to Mathew Jensen, \$1,900. William J. Schmidt residence to Jacob Schiller, \$1,650.

Austin Easterle who recently passed an examination in telegraphy at Detroit, has accepted a position as telegraph operator at Ypsilanti with the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern.

Election is over and now without regard to race, color, politics, or previous condition of enthusiasm let us all turn in and help swell the Junior Star benefit at the town hall tomorrow evening.

The bans of marriage between Peter Liebeck, of Sylvan, and Miss Hannah Birch, of Lyndon, were published last Sunday in the church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart. The wedding will take place on April 20.

The Modern Brotherhood of America is just seven years old and has past the experimental stage as is shown in their revised statement in another column. It gives more for the money and protects it contracts better than any society.

Manager McLaren, of the state champion Junior Stars, with the management of a show on his hand for this week, a lot of new candidates for the team to look over, and one open date still on his schedule is down with the measles. It is a measle shame sure enough.

A large company gathered at Woodman's hall, Tuesday evening, under the auspices of the M. M. club and enjoyed themselves by tripping the light fantastic toe until the wee sma' hours. Refreshments were served at the Boyd house. All report a very enjoyable time.

Rev. and Mrs. H. P. Hughes and son spent several days of the past week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Hughes. The reverend gentleman has accepted a call to a church in the suburbs of Boston. For the past 18 months he has been pastor of a Congregational church at East Lake near Manistee.

"Automobiles will assuredly not be manufactured," was the emphatic response of Frank P. Glazier when asked what was to be done with the plant and material of the defunct Chelsea Manufacturing Co., recently purchased by him at the receiver's sale. On the contrary the building will be used exclusively by the Glazier Stove Co. which will remove its machine and tool room to the second floor of the building and also some of the presses, while the basement will be used for storage purposes. It is fortunate that the building can be put to so good use and not allowed to stand idle.

The Easter observance at the Methodist church was this year in the hands of the Sunday school and in the evening a carefully prepared program was given which was interesting to a high degree. The pastor thinks it one of the best observances ever held in his church.

John, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. James Breitenbach, of Battle Creek, died Monday April 4. The remains were brought to Chelsea, Wednesday, April 6 and the funeral was held from the church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart at 4 p. m., the Rev. W. P. Considine, officiating.

There was a very large attendance last Sunday at the Easter services at the church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart. The altars were beautifully decorated, and the music was superb. Rev. Father Considine officiated and was given a handsome collection by his faithful parishioners and friends.

Next Sunday evening the Epworth League and pastor of the Methodist church will go in a body to Grass Lake and attend the evening service at that place. In consequence the evening services in Chelsea will be taken up. The young people of Grass Lake Methodist church will return the visit in a few weeks.

A number from Chelsea were in Ann Arbor Monday and Tuesday evening in attendance at the operatic performance known as the "Crusaders." The libretto and score of this opera was composed by a Washtenaw man and is not a light opera as some have supposed but is the nearest approach to grand opera ever written in the West.

The success of The Standard's new sign has been unmistakable. Some have noticed to commend and some have pointed to it in derision but all the same it continues to attract attention and that is what it was put up for. By way of explanation it may be said that the wording is old English and means as is very apparent, The Village Print Shop.

A lawyer in a court room may call a man a liar, scoundrel, villain or thief, and no one makes a complaint when court adjourns; but let a newspaper print a few mild jabs and there is trouble at once. If sour looks could do it there would be many dead editors and if comments were as effective as brickbats the machinery would be put out of business.

Nat Goodwin plays a special one-night engagement in Jackson Monday evening. To anyone taking only a very slight interest in theatrical matters this is an important announcement. As an actor the name of Goodwin is probably as widely known as any in America. The play in which he appears is known as "A Gilded Fool." His part in it displays his quiet, forceful and sympathetic acting to advantage.

The Standard has a whole lot of admiration for a few men in this town because of the fact that while they are good hard fighters, on the wrong side politically, yet do not go around with a face like a meat ax or a countenance that would sour milk. Some situations are bad enough anyway so here's to the man who smiles and doesn't take his politics to bed with him or let it worry him into despondency. We have a whole lot of living to do besides on town meeting day.

A good story has just come to light concerning a recent trip of some of the Maccabee brethren who recently went down to Ann Arbor to participate in some lodge work. While they were waiting for the car on which to return home two of the members went in search of a place where they could buy something--a cigar, a pinch of snuff, or any old thing like that. They found a place with windows somewhat screened and went in. "We will now sing hymn number 14," said a woman who rose to greet them, and the Chelsea crowd came to the realization that they were in a Salvation Army barracks.

There is a newspaper story going round of a humane farmer who failing to get his neighbors to shoot an old horse which was useless, and not daring to do it himself, took the animal to a field and tied dynamite around its neck. After attaching the explosive he touched off the fuse and started to run. The horse started to follow. The man took one look and ran for his life. He reached a wire fence in his wild scramble, crawled through it, and ran about two rods when he heard a terrific explosion behind him. Looking back he saw no horse and no fence, and the ground was torn up for yards around. Came very near being a horse on him.

The postponed celebration of St. Patrick's day was held last evening in the church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart. There was an excellent musical program participated in by Miss Mary Dunn of Detroit, Miss Rose Conway, Mr. Louis Burg and Master Garrett Conway. The chief feature of interest was the address by Rev. Fr. Considine describing his trip to Rome, his audience with the late Pope Leo XIII and the wonderful churches and cathedrals of the Eternal City; and later his trip through Switzerland, France, England and Ireland. The lecture, coming from one so well known, partook largely of the delight one feels in visiting with an intimate friend who has been privileged thus to travel, and the reality of it all seemed much more apparent than when listening to an unknown speaker or reading it in a book of travel. Taken all in all it was a very profitable evening. There was a large audience present.

# NELSON SHOE FOR MEN

## EVERYBODY PLEASE LISTEN:

Lots of shoe merchants make all sorts of irresponsible statements in order to sell you a pair of shoes, when they know for a dead moral certainty that you will be "onto" them before "half-soling" time. We recommend



## THE NELSON SHOE AT \$3.50 PER PAIR,

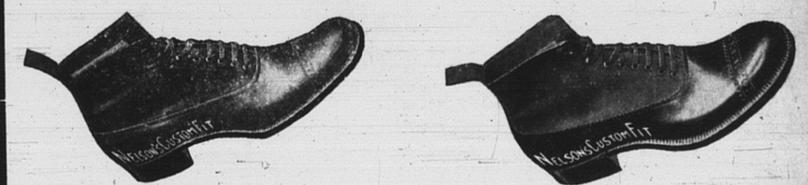


because they are a necessity to every well-dressed man and the very best Shoe made for men at

**\$3.50 THE PAIR.**

They are right. Please call and see them

We have other makes of Shoes for men at \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00.



The Nelson Custom Fit, easy to wear, perfect in fit, and correct in style and make.

## W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY.

See advertisement on first page.

# YOU NEED INSURANCE?

Then read why it is to your interest to join the

## Modern Brotherhood of America

Holds the World's Record for its Age.

HEADQUARTERS, MASON CITY, IOWA.

ORGANIZED APRIL 5th, 1897.

Record for 6 Year 10 Months.

Members in good standing	47,478
Insurance in force	\$65,495,000.00
Death and Accident Benefits paid	\$1,010,997.22
Reserve Fund accumulated	\$167,176.35
Surplus in Benefit and General Fund	\$65,000.00
Number of Subordinate Lodges	1,273
Death rate per 1,000 members	4.46

Ledger Balance to Protect Contracts \$233,461.34

### ASSESSMENT RATES.

AGES.	\$500	\$1,000	\$2,000	\$3,000
18 to 28 years.....	.30	.45	.90	\$1.35
29 to 33 years.....	.30	.50	.95	1.45
34 to 37 years.....	.35	.60	1.00	1.50
38 to 40 years.....	.35	.55	1.10	1.65
41 years.....	.35	.55	1.10	1.65
42 to 43 years.....	.35	.60	1.15	1.70
44 to 45 years.....	.40	.60	1.20	1.75
46 to 48 years.....	.45	.65	1.25	1.80
49 to 50 years.....	.50	.80	1.30	1.85
Reserve fund, per mo. for 1st 5 years	.05	.05	.10	.15
Per Capita per mo	.15	.15	.15	.15

### Amount Payable.

	\$500	\$1,000	\$2,000	\$3,000
At death.....	250	500	1,000	1,500
For total disability	125	250	500	750
For loss of hand.....	125	250	500	750
For loss of eye.....	125	250	500	750
For broken leg.....	50	100	200	300
For broken arm.....	50	100	200	300
Per year after 70.....	50	100	200	300

Compare the benefits the M. B. A. gives with benefits of other societies. We give more for the money than any other society.

THE Scales no Certificates. Pays claims in full. M. B. A. Pays benefits for certain accidents. Pays benefits for Total and Permanent Disability.

The Modern Brotherhood of America is a fraternal benefit association taking both men and women upon the same plan. It has the lodge feature and with most pleasing ritual work. Deputy, I. E. SANDERS is here representing the order and will organize a lodge here in the near future.

T. B. HANLEY, Supreme President, Tipton, Iowa. E. L. BALZ, Supreme Secretary, Mason City, Iowa.

## WANT COLUMN

RENTS, REAL ESTATE, FOUND, LOST, WANTED, ETC.

FOR SALE--Plymouth Rock, White Leghorn and White Wyandotte Eggs, \$1.00 for setting of 15. Inquire of Archie Clark, Lyndon.

FOR SALE--House and 2 acres of land. Inquire of S. W. Tucker R. F. D. No. 3 Chelsea.

DRESSMAKING--Mrs. A. E. Swift wishes to announce to the ladies of Chelsea that she is prepared to do dressmaking of the highest order. She has had an experience of 20 years. She is located at the Yecum house South street, just off Main.

FARM TO RENT--Inquire of Turn Bull & Witherell, Chelsea, Mich.

NEW MAPLE SYRUP J. P. Wood will have a good lot of choice first run new maple syrup, in gallon cans. Send in your orders by mail, telephone or in person.

Sewing Machines Cleaned & repaired E. J. Whipple.

NOTICE--480 acres of land either for sale, rent on shares or for cash rental. Situated 4 1/2 miles north of Chelsea. Inquire of J. S. Gorman.

FOR SALE--First class strawberry plants, early and late. Mrs. Springfield Leach.

# THE PROMOTION OF THE ADMIRAL AND OTHER SEA COMEDIES

By Morley Roberts Author of "The Colossus," "The Fugitives," "Copyright, 1902, 1903, by The Curtis Publishing Company, Copyright, 1903, by L. C. Page & Company, (Incorporated.)"

(Continued.)

"Dutchy's a fair wonder," said the crowd, rejoicing in their own freedom; "he's taking the whack of all us and never turns a hair. We'll have to get up a subscription for him. Ain't he just tough? Say, Dutchy, suppose you and Bragg or you and the old man was to have a fair set-to, d'ye think you could down either of 'em?"

"Ya," said Hans from Abo very soberly; "neider of 'em can't hurt me mooch."

"He's made of teak," said the admiring crowd. "Now, there ain't one of us wouldn't be bunged up if we'd been hit about like him, and he ain't got a mark."

"It reminds me of a Chinky I fo' once," said one of the men. "I knocked him down seven times, and then two other chaps chucked him out. And next morning he was as cheerful as you please and never faded; not a mark to him. I give him ten cents for a drink to let me look at him close. Dutchy's just such another; he's a real tough, so he is."

Hans's marvelous capacity for being hammered was soon noted.

"Why don't you take a pillow to him?" said Noyes, with a sneer. "To see you hit him, Bragg, makes me tired, and you used to be a hard man, too."

The mate was injured in his tenderest point.

"I done my best," he said suddenly. "I can't help it if the swine is made of inly-rubber. I pretty near skinned my knuckles on him yesterday, and he's as fresh as paint to-day. Try him yourself, sir."

"I hired you," retorted Noyes; "but if I do get at him you'll see something fly."

They were well to the northward and eastward of the Horn before Noyes happened to try, and it was blowing a snorter from the southwest. As the men came down on the poop after stowing the lower mizzen-topsail, Hans, having gum boots on, slipped and fell against the skipper. The next moment Hans was on his back and Noyes had his knuckles to his own mouth.

"Great Scott!" said Noyes, with a face like a comic door-knocker or a Japanese grotesque, and he turned about and went below.

"It serves him right," said Hans. "Oh, no, I ain't hurt. It is nuttin'."

And though he showed nothing, not even a slight puffness on his high cheek bone, the skipper wore a milt on his right hand for days. Noyes even conceived a certain respect for the Finn.

"I thought I'd hit a bollard," he said. "I ought to have hit him on the jaw, or where he keeps his wind."

By dint of these object lessons Hans gradually got an easier time. If Bragg ever went for him he kicked him, and the marks he made, if he made any, did not show, for Hans came on board clothed, and never undressed till they reached the line in the Atlantic. There he took a bath. As he said, he always made a point of having some buckets of water thrown over him every time he crossed the equator homeward bound; perhaps he thought it kept him fresh. But by then Bragg was even tired of kicking him. Nothing made him go slower or faster. He went at the pace he had been born to, and he never learned anything more than he had known at seventeen. He had a sense of fair play which was almost disgusting to masters of merchantmen, and a sense of humor which sometimes got him into trouble with the foreign crews. For it may be remembered that among the English civil service the only humor, which is, one has to own, rather sardonic, is to be found in that part of it which deals with the income tax.

The very moment the consul had the shamed crew before him, and saw the officers, he knew where the trouble lay, and he thought of the boxing gloves with which he often whilled away an idle hour when the vice-consul felt "good."

"Well, now, well, what's the trouble?" asked the consul.

And Noyes told him where he thought it lay. Noyes was as smooth as bad butter, and had a heartiness about him which would have made a child cry for its mother. All the time he was talking, and the men were muttering that he was a liar, the consul was taking the crowd in. He spotted many marks and bruises on them, all come by honestly among themselves or given them without malice by the gens d'armes; but when his eye-lighted on the man from Abo it stayed there.

"A comfortable ship, yes, yes," said the consul, "of course, of course! And a tough crowd to be sure. Here you come here!"

And as the others saw that he meant Hans, they shoved him forward.

"That's a nice face you've got," said Mr. Johnson. "God bless my soul you've been running against something. Now I should say—I should say—yes, by Jove, you've been running against a telescope?"

And Hans nodded.

"Who gave you that?" Noyes looked at black as his coat, but the Finn pointed at him with his finger.

"The cap'n, sir."

The consul looked at them. He noted that they were both of a size, both probably of the same weight, and both looked as hard as nickel steel. His eye sparkled with a certain joy.

"Did you, Mr. Noyes?" It enraged Noyes to be given his proper handle.

"And he deserved it," he said angrily.

"If you wanted to hit him, you should have done it with your hand. But perhaps he would have been too much for you without a weapon," suggested the consul suavely.

"Not he," retorted Noyes incautiously.

proved the man from Abo could bleed, for the skipper never forgot that he had been knocked out in one round by knocking down a "Dutchman." The thought rankled, and when Hans was at the wheel when the wind was light out of the northeast the skipper's temper, ragged at a contrary wind when he had made a record passage so far, led him a little astray. For, as the men said, "It's all right marking men when one's bound home and when they've time to get well bound to Yewrope, but I like to leave 'em without no visible sign to say you've larrupped 'em when I'm bound East."

In the United States there is very little respect for a man who can't take care of himself, but some Europeans have silly notions. It's not uncommon even to find a consul who doesn't understand that sailors are no good unless they are in a state of mutiny or near it. There is no end to the foolishness of some consuls, as Captain Noyes often complained with natural bitterness. So when, after he had cursed Hans twice for his steering, he jammed the brass end of his telescope right between the man's eyes and cut him badly, he was quite sorry for it. You see, he had almost got to believe that the man from Abo couldn't be hurt. But a brass telescope properly applied makes four neat little cuts, one on the forehead, one on the bridge of the nose, and one on each eyebrow, as a little consideration of the human face and the nature of a circle will show. The blood ran down into Hans's eyes, and Bragg had to walk to the break of the poop and bellow:

"Relieve the wheel!"

And two days afterwards the State of Oregon owing to a favorable change of wind, lay at Bordeaux. As soon as she did, the entire crew got too much to drink, and not even Noyes and Bragg could handle them, though the skipper was, as he had averred at the beginning of the passage, captain and congress and president all rolled in one. The only people who could handle them were the French police, and they had their work cut out. The next day, as it is the habit of Frenchmen and Spaniards and the like to let the consuls fix up all difficulties with foreign crews if they can, the American consul was called on to arbitrate in the matter. And for the nonce the American consul was the English one, for Mr. Schuyler had gone to Paris on what he described as "business, but what no Puritan would have called such. And this is where the man from Abo came home, as one may say.

Mr. Johnson, then British Consul at Bordeaux, was a fine man with a clear skin, a merry eye, a knowledge of the world, and a hard fist. As a young man he had been amateur champion of the middleweights in England, and though he was now a heavy-stone, he was almost as quick as he had been at twenty-two. He had a sense of fair play which was almost disgusting to masters of merchantmen, and a sense of humor which sometimes got him into trouble with the foreign crews. For it may be remembered that among the English civil service the only humor, which is, one has to own, rather sardonic, is to be found in that part of it which deals with the income tax.

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"Not he," retorted Noyes incautiously.

Mr. Johnson looked at them both, and shrugged his shoulders.

"I believe he would lick you in a fair fight," he said with a slight smile, and Noyes exploded.

"I could pound him to almighty smash in two minutes," he roared.

And the crowd began to see fun "sticking out a foot." They edged up closer and lost their shamed look.

"He could knock hell out of you," said one of them from behind, and the consul said:

"Hush, hush!" Then he turned to Hans.

"Could he lick you, my man?" "Not mooch," said Hans defiantly, and subdued cheer rose from the men behind.

"Do you hear that, Mr. Noyes?" asked the consul. "Oh yes, you hear it. Well, it's all highly irregular, of course, but you understand you did wrong to hit him with a telescope, or with anything for the matter of that, and as the ship seems to have been anything but a comfortable one, I suggest that you apologize to this man at any rate, and pay him off."

"Ya, ya," said Hans, who at any rate understood the last three words.

"I apologize?" gasped Noyes. "By God, I'll lick him first and do that after! Apologize!"

"Either that, or I shall back him up in proceeding against you. Unless you would like to settle it with him now in your courtyard, with a couple of pairs of boxing gloves," said Mr. Johnson persuasively, and the crowd behind hummed applause.

"Lick him," said Bragg, "and lick him good."

He was not anxious for the job himself, but was as eager to see the scrap as the consul. It is so seldom that an officer gets a chance of seeing a real fight, and besides, he did not love Noyes at all.

## EARLY PICTURES OF JAPAN.

Conditions in Island Empire Three Hundred Years Ago.

Entertaining pictures of Japan and the Japanese, as they were seen by English sea captains nearly 300 years ago, are to be found in the log kept by Capt. Saris of the first voyage to Japan to open up trade there for the East India company. Because of England's fame as victor over Spain, Saris was received very honorably by "the old King Foyu." The people, too, were, as a rule, both civil and courteous to him, although rude boys, who exist everywhere and at all times, occasionally followed the English sailors through the streets, throwing stones and shouting: "Kore, kore, kore ware," which Saris translated into "You Koreans with false hearts."

As to their naval enterprise, Saris says: "About eight of tenne leagues on this side the straights of Xemina-Seque we found a large Towne where lay in a Docke a Juncke of 800 or 1,000 tunnes burthen, sheathed all of yron with a guard appointed to keep her from firing and treachery. She was built in a very homely fashion much like that which describeth Noah's Ark unto us. The Naturals told us that she served to transport soldiers in any of the Islands, it rebellion or warre should happen."

Saris coasted round to Fushimi, where he saw the garrison 3,000 strong "shifted," a change that took place every three years. "We saw," he says, "the old hands march away, and the new enter in most souldier-like manner, marching five at a steat, and to every ten files an officer which is called a captaine of fide, who kept them continually in very good order."

"Ya, ya," said Hans, who at any rate understood the last three words.

"I apologize?" gasped Noyes. "By God, I'll lick him first and do that after! Apologize!"

"Either that, or I shall back him up in proceeding against you. Unless you would like to settle it with him now in your courtyard, with a couple of pairs of boxing gloves," said Mr. Johnson persuasively, and the crowd behind hummed applause.

"Lick him," said Bragg, "and lick him good."

He was not anxious for the job himself, but was as eager to see the scrap as the consul. It is so seldom that an officer gets a chance of seeing a real fight, and besides, he did not love Noyes at all.

And inside of two minutes the inner court saw the skipper, of the State of Oregon and the man from Abo stripped to their waists and singlets.

"Pick your own seconds," said the consul gleefully, "and I'll be referee and timekeeper."

He forgot there was such a thing as the Foreign Office; but he did not forget some of the habits and customs of Western America.

"There's to be no biting, or gouging or kicking," he said, "and when a man goes down he'll have ten seconds to get up in."

"Well," replied the foster father, "we ain't quite decided yet. Ye see, we wanted something suited special for 'im. We thout first of Melchizedek, as he had neither father nor mither, but that was too long. Then we thout Joshua 'ud do."

"Ah, yes," observed the clergyman; "and pray why did you come to select 'Joshua'?"

"Well," remarked the hospitable cottager, as the semblance of a smile passed over his stolid features, "because he was the son of Nun."

"Charming! Exquisite! Perfectly delightful!" she exclaimed, peering through her stargers at the young artist's latest picture.

"I'm glad you like it," he said, with becoming modesty.

"Like it? Could anybody help liking it? So original! That queer little animal with the funny legs in the right hand foreground! What a delicious conceit! How can you imagine such impossible things, Mr. d'Aubre?"

"Um—er—you mean this," he asked pointing to the strange thing in the lower corner.

"Yes, of course."

"Er—uh—that is my signature, madam."—New York Evening Sun.

Her Prayer.

Gladys had lost two front teeth. She had been told that God would give her some new ones. She was to take part in the Easter exercises at Sunday school. In spite of all wishing, however, the teeth refused to put in an appearance, and Easter was at hand.

"One night her mother heard her talking after she had put her to bed. She went back and saw her kneeling beside her bed in the moonlight.

"O, God," she was saying, "if you haven't got my new teeth done, won't you please drop my old ones down again till after Easter?"—Lippincott's Magazine.

Africa and Her Doom.

And gloomy eyes that spell despair. She who is old—yet young of face— She to whom fell the dark disgrace, Cain's evil brood to bear!

She dreams of nations long since dead. Of millions killed by fire and flood. And lower lows the dusky head. Beneath her slender, tired feet Run rivulets of blood!

Misfortune met her at her birthly. Her children bore the brand of Cain; Her hands the home of savage brutes, Of songless birds of bitter fruits— Of slavery and pain!

Her wealth has tempted many men— But for herself not one hath sighed. And lower lows the dusky head. From somber eyes salt tears are shed. Of bitter, wounded pride! —London Spectator.

Calve Prepares Her Tomb.

Mme. Emma Calve, the famous singer, is one of those people who like to have their tombs ready for them in case anything should happen. Some four years ago the great actress and singer gave instructions to a well-known French sculptor to prepare a design for her monument and though at first he thought she was in jest and hesitated to begin the work, he soon found out she was in earnest. He set to work, therefore, and modeled a sketch.

## REACH THE SPOT.

To cure an aching back. The pains of rheumatism. The tired out feelings. You must reach the spot—get at the cause.

In most cases 'tis the kidneys. Doan's Kidney Pills are for the kidneys.

Chas. Bierbach, stone contractor, living at 2625 Chestnut St., Erie, Pa., says: "For two years I had kidney trouble and there was such a severe pain through my loins and limbs that I could not stoop or straighten up without great pain, had difficulty in getting about and was unable to rest at night, arising in the morning tired and worn out. The kidney secretions were irregular and deposited a heavy sediment. Doctors treated me for rheumatism, but failed to help me. I lost all confidence in medicine and began to feel as if life were not worth living. Doan's Kidney Pills, however, relieved me so quickly and so thoroughly that I gladly made a statement to that effect for publication. This was in 1898, and during the six years which have elapsed I have never known Doan's Kidney Pills to fail. They cured my wife of a severe case of backache in the same thorough manner."

A FREE TRIAL of this great kidney medicine which cured Mr. Bierbach will be mailed on application to any part of the United States. Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all druggists, price 50 cents per box.

THE SON OF NUN.

Joshua an Acceptable Name for Par-entless Child.

Not long ago, on a certain Sunday, a horny-handed son of toil, with his wife, attended by a few sympathizing neighbors, appeared before the font of a small village church in England, carrying a little foundling which had been deposited on the villager's doorstep, and which he was bringing up.

"Ah," exclaimed the minister, who was acquainted with the little episode; "then you have brought 'nobody's child' to be christened?"

"Yes, sur," replied the kindly villager; "we ha' brought the fatherless and mitherless little orfin for ye to baptize."

"And the name?" queried the clergyman, as he held out his hand for the slip of paper which he always required with the name written thereon.

"Well," replied the foster father, "we ain't quite decided yet. Ye see, we wanted something suited special for 'im. We thout first of Melchizedek, as he had neither father nor mither, but that was too long. Then we thout Joshua 'ud do."

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## OLD TIME SPORT REVIVED.

Falconry Practiced in Scotland Within Recent Years.

Hunting with falcons was revived in Scotland some years ago by Sir Henry Bethune. A writer on field sports says: "The falconers had an old setter dog which hunted till he found a covey of partridges. The falconers then threw off a hawk, which rose in circles till very high, then hovered above the dog. The dog looked up to see if the hawk was ready, and then ran in and roused the birds. Swoop went the hawk. If he missed, the birds generally went into a hedge and the hawk soared again and hovered over the birds. The old dog then went off after them and got another point. If the hawk killed its bird the falconer went gently to it and picked it up. If not he had to fetch the bird with the lure, a dummy bird with a bit of pigeon on it. He called the hawk 'Killy, killy, Voioyook,' a sort of view halloo, and hurled the lure in the air. The hawk stooped to it and began to eat the pigeon, and he then succeeded in picking it up."

The Orange Tree.

The orange tree is regarded as a prince among trees and the emblem of genius. A peculiarity of this tree is that it bears fruit and flower at the same time; its leaves are evergreen and as it grows older it grows in beauty and fruitfulness, its blossom filling the air with its fragrance. It is indeed a fit emblem of marriage promise and hopes. The orange tree is considered typical of love, because, though its fruit is golden and its flavor and scent delicious, its rind is bitter. And as every one knows who has experienced it Cupid's dart causes pain. The orange tree is emblematic of gratitude as well as of genius and love.

Alcohol in Ancient Times.

Considering the possible influence of alcohol upon human evolution, Dr. Harry Campbell assumes that such civilizations as those of Babylon and Egypt may date back 30,000 years and that agriculture by migratory tribes may extend back 30,000 years more, but concludes that the use of alcohol as a beverage has not been known more than 10,000 years. He finds no reason to believe that, as was suggested some years ago, the discovery of fermented liquor gave the first civilization quickening to the brain of the ape-man.

In the Spring.

Lowndes, Mo., April 4th.—Mrs. H. C. Harty of this place, says:

"For years I was in very bad health. Every spring I would get so low that I was unable to do my own work. I seemed to be worse in the spring than any other time of the year. I was very weak and miserable and had much pain in my back and head. I saw Dodd's Kidney Pills advertised last spring and began treatment of them and they have certainly done me more good than anything I have ever used."

"I was all right last spring and felt better than I have for over ten years. I am fifty years of age and am stronger to-day than I have been for many years and I give Dodd's Kidney Pills credit for the wonderful improvement."

The statement of Mrs. Harty is only one of a great many where Dodd's Kidney Pills have proven themselves to be the very best spring medicine. They are unsurpassed as a tonic and are the only medicine used in thousands of families.

Italy's Macaroni Industry.

Italy has some 5,500 macaroni factories employing nearly 25,000. A number of these factories are large, using improved machinery and steam power. The total annual output of macaroni exceeds 215,000 tons. It is a growing industry. The local consumption, as well as the exports, increase steadily. The exports of macaroni in 1889 were 7,719 tons; in 1900, 8,898 tons; in 1901, 9,673 tons; in 1902, 11,322 tons; and in 1903 (eight months), 13,126 tons. Nearly 90 per cent of the above exports went to the United States.

THE IRON MOUNTAIN ROUTE.

These tickets will be on sale daily during March and April, when Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars will be operated daily between St. Louis, Los Angeles and San Francisco. Particulars from any agent of the company. H. C. Townsend, G. P. & T. Agent, St. Louis.

Wealth in Yucatan.

Yucatan has a population of 350,000, and owing to the fact that it is the home of the benevolent, the agave, which furnishes the finest fiber, the Yucatecos have more money per capita than any other people in the world.

Ask Your Dealer For Allen's Foot-Ease. A powder. It rests the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating Feet and Ingrowing Nails. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. At all Druggists and Shoe stores, 25 cents. Accept no substitute. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Figures may not lie, but estimates are often misleading.

If you wish beautiful, clear, white clothes use Red Cross Ball Blue. Large 2 oz. package, 5 cents.

They who turn their backs on the false face the true.

Fruit acids will not stain goods dyed with PUTNAM FADELESS DYES.

Children are what the mothers are.—Lauder.

I do not believe in the Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOVEN, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1903.

Cheerfulness is an offshoot of goodness and of wisdom.—Bovee.

## FARM LANDS!

If you are looking for a home or an investment, do not forget that the best farm and timber lands in the Northwest are along the line of the Minneapolis & St. Louis R. R., where crop failures are unknown. Good soil, good climate, good people there. Farm values are rising rapidly and the time to buy is now.

Low excursion rates from points on the Iowa Central and Minneapolis & St. Louis Railroads, if you wish to investigate. For particulars address, A. B. CUTTS, G.P.A., Ia. Cent. and M. & St. L. R. R., Minneapolis, Minn.

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MEXICAN  
Mustang Liniment  
is a positive cure for Piles.

Coughing is an outward sign of  
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Cure the disease with  
Shiloh's  
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Tonic  
and the cough will stop.  
Try it tonight. If it doesn't  
benefit you, we'll give you  
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There is no  
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TOWER'S  
FISH BRAND  
WATERPROOF OILED COATS  
were introduced  
in the West and were called Slickers  
by the pioneers and cowboys. This graphic  
name has come into such general use that  
it is frequently though wrongfully applied  
to many substitutes. You want the genuine.  
Look for the Sign of the Fish and  
the name TOWER on the buttons.

Stomach Trouble  
is no respecter of persons. It  
comes to rich and poor, old or  
young, weak or strong. There  
is a cure for it.

Dr. Caldwell's  
Syrup  
Pepsin  
Read the Booklet; send for  
sample; try it.  
PEPSIN SYRUP CO., Monticello, Ill.

The FREE Homestead  
LANDS OF  
Western  
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Take the STAR ATTRACTIONS for 1904.

Remedy Cures  
in 3 days, cures in  
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CONSUMPTION

### A KNOT OF RIBBON.

A knot of dainty ribbon,  
That decked a snowy gown,  
And hid in the soft, thick ringlets  
Of sunny golden-brown.

Oh, little face, with the glimmer  
Of love in your sweet, blue eyes,  
That were deep as the waves of ocean,  
And bright as the summer skies.

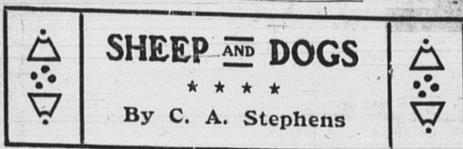
To think you are gone forever,  
Resting alone in your grave;  
While over your mossy pillow,  
The wild rose garlands wave.

Did the roses spring from your lips, dear?  
Those lips so sweet and red;  
Are you ever lonely now, love,  
Down in your quiet bed?

I have nothing left but the ribbon,  
And a tress of the soft brown hair  
To tell of the gentle maiden  
Who was once so sweet and fair.

A knot of half-worn ribbons;  
So dim and faded now;  
Ah, me! the sod is lying  
Above the wearer's brow.

—Waverley Magazine.



SOME years ago, when so much was said about the "abandoned farms" of New England, I formed with another young man what we foolishly believed to be a fine plan for establishing ourselves comfortably. We were then salesmen in one of the great stores in our occupation, for we liked out-of-door life. As we had been prudent enough to save a little money, we thought we might look about, buy some old farm, stock it with sheep, and live leisurely and healthfully on our mutton and by the sale of our wool.

We talked the scheme over throughout one entire winter and spring, and spent our two weeks of summer vacation driving through the northern counties of Vermont, New Hampshire and Maine, in quest of old farm property. At last we found in Maine what suited us pretty well—four run-out, upland adjoining homesteads of about 100 acres each; and we were able to purchase all for \$2800.

As there was much similar farm property near by, we could, if our experiment proved a success, add to our territory and increase our stock. At the outset, and during the succeeding autumn and winter, we purchased 199 sheep, which we divided into four flocks.

On one of the four farms was a fairly comfortable old house; and in the spring we went there to live, having engaged as housekeeper an elderly but very energetic woman we called Aunt Deborah.

Our neighbors were seven or eight families, none wholly prosperous, some slovenly and shiftless; and they all kept dogs.

Within a radius of two miles of our sheep-pasture there were, as we soon had occasion to reckon, seventeen or eighteen dogs, including four hounds, and all exceedingly dear to their owners. There were "otter dogs" and "bear dogs" and "partridge dogs" and a great many very valuable "wood-chuck dogs." And many of these precious animals were fond of making nocturnal raids into our sheep pasture.

Now, our legislators have not left us in darkness as to what steps may legally be taken against mischievous dogs. Whoever will examine the statute books of almost any State will find articles limiting dogs strictly, and declaring that if a dog transgresses the edicts he may lawfully be killed. For Massachusetts the conclusion is that any person may lawfully kill a trespassing dog "whenever and wherever found."

In the first spring after we had taken up our sheep farm we had 140 lambs when the sheep were turned out to pasture on the third day of May. Four days later six lambs and two sheep were missing. Bits of wool, bones and the remains of one sheep, all found in secluded places, showed that some animal had killed and eaten them.

As bears or wildcats were not numerous in that locality, we felt morally certain that dogs had done the mischief, and we particularly suspected two dogs kept by a neighbor named McFadden, living a mile distant. One was a bulldog, the other a large mongrel cur, one of the highly esteemed woodchuck dogs.

My partner and fellow shepherd, Ward, carried two buffalo skins to the pasture, hid himself in a clump of low hemlocks, and watched during the following night with a gun resolved to shoot any dog that came near the remains of the sheep. He saw none, although a lamb was killed during the night in another part of the pasture. When dogs go sheep killing they seem to revert to the cunning and slyness of their wild ancestry.

In all these vexations we had warm sympathizer in "Aunt Deb." She hated dogs on general principles, and for the special reason that on a number of nights when the bulkhead door chanced to be left open, some animal stole into the cellar and raided her pans of doughnuts, custard pies and other eatables.

"Now, boys, just you let me try my hand on those dogs," she said, at the breakfast table. "I'll 'em for you. When it comes night you just go to bed and sleep. I'll answer for the dogs."

"Go ahead, Aunt Deb," we said. "You shall have a lamb for every dog you dispose of." Toward night we saw her pounding something in an old mortar; and just at dusk she went alone into the sheep pasture. She had, although we did not know it at the time, pounded up two glass bottles, and with the powder she "doctored" the remains of the sheep and the lamb last killed. The next day we discovered that the carcass of the sheep had been taken away, and on the following day tiding came that McFadden's two suspected dogs

had expired, and were supposed to have been poisoned. Now, if we had been wise we should have remained quiet. A mere smattering of law, which was all we possessed, is dangerous knowledge for a man to act on, and is pretty sure to get him into trouble. We knew that we had a right to kill a dog attacking our flock, and that we could legally collect double damages from the dog's owner; and as we thought we had good evidence that these dogs were the transgressors, we went immediately to McFadden and demanded damages for the seven lambs and two sheep killed.

McFadden threatened us with his ax, and his wife, declaring that she would scald us, put the kettle on a hot fire. They were very angry over the loss of the two dogs, particularly of the woodchuck dog, which Mrs. McFadden feelingly asserted had kept the family in fresh meat all summer.

Instead of obtaining damages from McFadden for our sheep and lambs, he sued us—poisoning his two dogs; and, unfortunately for us, we had supplied him with all the evidence he needed. When at last the case came to trial we found the law far different from what we had supposed it to be. The following points came out:

First, the fact that these two dogs came up and ate of the dead sheep did not prove that they had killed the sheep. Second, as Aunt Deborah was our hired housekeeper, we were as much responsible for her act as if we had done the deed ourselves.

Third, although we had a legal right to kill dogs molesting our sheep, we had no right to poison them; and the proved fact of our having "laid out poison" for them subjected us to a fine of \$50, and also to payment for the dogs, which were to be worth \$5 each.

Fourth, glass, although not poison in its ordinary form, was held to be poison to all intents and purposes when pounded to a powder and put into meat for dogs to eat.

Finally, as we went home from the trial, the victorious McFadden drove behind us and reviled us. Our own mortification was slight, however, compared with that of Aunt Deb, when the results of her dog physic were made known to her. I really thought for a moment she would fall sick of her indignation, and we had some difficulty in preventing her from visiting the McFaddens in person. Aunt Deb's exploit cost us exactly \$100, in fines, price of dogs and costs, but our lambs were not molested again that season. That was our one crumb of comfort, for there remained not the slightest doubt that the two poisoned dogs were the offenders.

The fine for poisoning was for exposing poison which other animals, or possibly human beings, might partake of, rather than as a punishment for this particular mode of killing dogs. "In law it is a far less criminal offense to poison a dog than to poison a sheep, a cow or a horse. For horse-poisoning, indeed, the culprit, in Massachusetts, may be sent to prison for five years, and in Maine for four years.

In the next summer the sheep of another neighbor named Fotherly came into our field, where potatoes and peas were planted. They partook heartily of the green peas, and not only of them, but of Paris green, which had been sprinkled on the potatoes to kill potato bugs. Two or three of the sheep died; and mindful of the McFadden triumph, this ill-disposed neighbor prosecuted us promptly for exposing poison, and declared that he would "land" us in Thomaston Jail for it.

But this case went against Neighbor Fotherly. In addition to the costs, he had to settle with us for the peas at our own figures, and also to pay damages for a malicious prosecution, because of his threatening publicly before trial what he would do with us.

He suffered to the amount of \$150, for in this case it was held that the poison was lawfully used. So it is a very nice question when a man may lawfully expose poison. If those sheep had come into the field through the least neglect on our part, the result might have been more agreeable to Fotherly.

The year following our sad legal contest with McFadden lambs disappeared mysteriously week after week from our pasture. At first we suspected human thieves, as no trace of wool or bones could be discovered; but a boy whom we had employed to watch reported that a large brown and white foxhound had leaped the wall, seized a lamb and jumped out with it, all in less than half a minute. He identified the hound as the property of one Clucker, a poor neighbor living half a mile away.

The hound was the mother of five puppies, and could obtain nothing, or next to nothing, to eat at home. It was doubtless a case of dire necessity

on her part; and our hired boy, who frequently visited the family, affirmed that the Cluckers shared the lambs which the hound captured. My partner posted himself behind the pasture fence with a gun loaded with buckshot, but on the following afternoon the hound entered the pasture and caught a lamb before Ward could get near enough to shoot. Jumping the wall, the hound ran for home, half dragging, half carrying the struggling lamb.

Ward gave chase, but was unable to come near the hound until it gained its master's dooryard, where it turned and faced him, growling savagely. Ward fired and the hound fell, just as its master opened the door and raised an expostulating hand to prevent the shot.

It is evident that in the excitement of the moment my partner had made a rather free use of his gun, but he had in mind the words of the law: "Any person may lawfully kill him whenever and wherever found."

Clucker, the owner of the dog, incited by McFadden and Fotherly, took legal advice and began suit to recover damages for the unlawful killing of his foxhound, which he professed to value at \$50.

A most stormy trial followed; and in the decision Ward was held to be in fault in shooting the hound after its owner had raised his hand to forbid it; and there was a grave doubt expressed as to whether he had not laid himself liable for unlawfully entering Clucker's premises with a gun, in pursuit of the hound.

In the end we paid \$25 for the fox-hound; but by a rather curious legal offset, damages to about that amount were allowed us for the lambs killed by the hound. The costs of the suit fell on us. The court showed little regard for itself as to that, Clucker being utterly unpeccable.

The conclusion which we arrived at, after the above litigation, is that peremptory as the law seems to be against dogs, the killing of one is liable to prove a costly bit of vengeance. If a neighbor's dog throttles our lambs, we deem it far safer to shoot him on our own premises than off them, and positively unsafe to shoot him on his master's premises. The safest method of all is to catch him in a trap at the scene of his depredations, then summon his master, and at the same time invite one or more disinterested parties to see and hear what takes place.

In the State of Massachusetts, and I believe one or two other States where dogs are licensed and taxed, the "dog law" provides that any farmer meeting with losses from dogs may file a claim, with proofs of loss, at the assessor's office, and be paid the amount of his loss out of the town treasury. Or, if he chooses, he may bring an action against the owner of the dog and recover double, and in some cases threefold, damages; but he cannot adopt both methods. In Maine and most other States, however, the sufferer must bring the owner of the dog to terms, if he can; he has no other mode of redress.

In cases where two, three or four dogs, belonging to different parties, went off by night or day on a joint foray into a flock of sheep, it has been held that each dog's owner was responsible only for what his own dog killed or maimed; if anybody could find that out, otherwise all were liable.—Youth's Companion.

Eats Twenty Meals a Day.  
Twenty hearty meals a day is the modest claim of an appetite on exhibition at the College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York City. Three hundred students sat spellbound for two hours watching a phenomenon discovered by Professor W. T. Bull. "This wonderful man," explained Dr. Bull to expectant students, "has tenus of the esophagus with a esophageal diverticulum, or, in other words, he can eat without end. He'll never have dyspepsia, as food never passes into his stomach by way of his throat. How much he enjoys eating we shall see later as he disposes of this food and drink we have here. His life is sustained by liquids administered through a gastric fistula of his stomach."

Whereupon the gastronomic marvel began devastating piles of food and buckets of drink. As he gorged the sack at the base of his neck began to bulge.

Professor Bull explained that for economy's sake the patient ate only six meals a day, but his capacity possibly was as great as twenty; and that the man had swallowed some acid a year and a half ago which resulted in a contraction of the esophagus, making it necessary for him to take his nourishment through a tube.—Indianapolis News.

The Mirror Never Flatters.  
Be happy, girls, you are prettier than you think!  
Every girl who is dissatisfied with herself should remember that she is better looking than the kindest of looking glasses bids her believe.

A mirror cannot flatter a face that is in its natural state—that is, not "made up." Even the very best glass has a pale green tinge, which reflects a color a trifle less clear than the original.

Hair also has always a more glossy sheen than the glass shows. If it is wavy, the glass never shows the best of the waves, and if it is straight, the glass increases the straight appearance.

More important and still better to be remembered and carefully treasured, no one ever looks at the face so closely or so critically as the owner of it looks at the reflection in the glass. Blemishes that are a grief to a girl may pass quite unnoticed by her friends.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

### NEGRO KINGDOMS IN AFRICA.

Many Are in High State of Culture and Prosperity.  
Now, that the negro problem is a live question in so many parts of the country, it is interesting to know what progress has been made by the negroes who remained in central Africa and kept separate from the white people.

For at least 1,400 years there has been a number of negro kingdoms in the heart of Africa, which are practically self-governing. The kings are elected and share their power with queens, who are also elected to the position. There is a sort of nobility into which any clever or prosperous citizen can climb.

These kingdoms trade with each other. They have regular market days on which most of the buying and selling is done. They found out how to smelt iron long before Europeans learned the secret, and the native blacksmiths make some very artistic iron weapons and ornaments.

These negroes are skillful wood carvers. They are clever workers in copper. They have large herds of cattle and well cultivated farms. They have a system of law that is quite elaborate. In some cases these negro people have reached a high state of culture and prosperity.—Chicago American.

### HAVE DOGS "TONED UP."

Parisian Has Plans to Improve on Nature's Design.  
"Throw physic to the dogs!" Macbeth might not have given vent to this disdainful exclamation if he had received a certain circular which had fallen into the hands of a French gentleman, as he would have perceived that the canine species is not considered unworthy of the dignity of massage. According to the Paris correspondent the scrap of paper in regard to what can be done for the improvement of the appearance of the friend of man. Thus, 40 francs is charged for "the change of the shape of the muzzle," 80 francs for "putting wrinkles into the face of a bulldog," 20 francs for "transformation of a hanging ear into a straight one, and vice versa," and upward of 100 francs for the arrangement of the forepaws of a bulldog. For the "change of the size of a tail" 20 francs are asked, the color being altered for 30 francs. The author of the circular also undertakes to pull out superfluous hairs at the rate of 5 francs an hour. So, at least, the French gentleman declares, and at any rate the story is creating a good deal of merriment.—New York Tribune.

The Englishman Wondered.  
J. H. Maddy of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad left Chicago for Baltimore a few days ago.

"How far is it from Washington to Baltimore?" an Englishman asked him.

"One cigar," said Maddy. The Englishman was puzzled, but came back bravely.

"And how far is it from Baltimore to New York?"

"Three cigars," said Maddy.

"Aw, yes, indeed," said the Englishman.

"And," continued Maddy, "it is six six cigars from Washington to Pittsburgh and three cigars from Pittsburgh to Chicago, but that's because there's a sleep in that part of the run."

"My word," said the Englishman. "What extraordinarily long cigars you must have in this country!"

Vanity.  
The sun comes up, and the sun goes down.  
And day and night are the same as one.  
The year grows green and the year grows brown.

And what is it all, when all is done?  
Grains of sand, or of shifting sand,  
Sliding into and out of the hand.

And men go down in ships to the sea,  
And a hundred ships are the same as one;  
And backward and forward blows the breeze.

And what is it all, when all is done?  
A tide with never a shore in sight,  
Setting steadily on to the night.

The fisher drencheth his net in the stream,  
And a hundred streams are the same as one;  
And the maiden dreameth her lover's dream.

And what is it all, when all is done?  
The net of the fisher the burden breaks,  
And always the dreaming the dreamer wakes.

## A VENERABLE PASTOR CURED BY PE-RU-NA.

Pe-ru-na is a Catarrhal Tonic Especially Adapted to the Declining Powers of Old Age.

In old age the mucous membranes become thickened and partly lose their function. This leads to partial loss of hearing, smell and taste, as well as digestive disturbances. Peruna corrects all this by its specific operation on all the mucous membranes of the body. One bottle will convince anyone. Once used and Peruna becomes a life-long stand-by with old and young.



Rev. J. N. Parker.

Strong and vigorous at the Age of Eighty-eight.

Rev. J. N. Parker, Utica, N. Y., writes: "In June, 1901, I lost my sense of hearing entirely. My hearing had been somewhat impaired for several years, but not so much affected but that I could hold converse with my friends; but in June, 1901, my sense of hearing left me so that I could hear no sound whatever. I was also troubled with rheumatic pains in my limbs. I commenced taking Peruna and now my hearing is restored as good as it was prior to June, 1901. My rheumatic pains are all gone. I

The spring is the best time to treat catarrh. Nature renews herself every spring. The system is rejuvenated by spring weather. This renders medicines more effective. A short course of Peruna, assisted by the balmy air of spring, will cure old, stubborn cases of catarrh that have resisted treatment for years. Everybody should have a copy of Dr. Hartman's latest book on catarrh. Address The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.



cannot speak too highly of Peruna, and now when 88 years old can say it has invigorated my whole system. I cannot but thank dear Doctor, that you must feel very thankful to the all-loving Father that you have been permitted to live, and by your skill be such a blessing as you have been to suffering humanity."—Rev. J. N. Parker.

### A Bishop's Letter.

T. H. Lomax, D. D., Bishop 2d Dist. A. M. E. of Charlotte, N. C., writes: "I recommend your Peruna to all who want a strengthening tonic and a very effective remedy for all catarrhal complaints."—T. H. Lomax.

If you do not receive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis. Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

### DO YOU COUGH?

Don't delay  
KEMP'S  
BALSAM  
THE BEST COUGH CURE

It cures Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Croup, Influenza, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthma. A certain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose. Sold by druggists everywhere. Large bottles 25 cents and 50 cents.

For \$1.00 Money Order.  
The John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., mail postpaid 15 trees, consisting of Apples, Peaches, Cherries, Plums, Peaches and Pears, just the thing for a city or country garden, including the great Bismark Apple, all hardy Wisconsin stock, are sent you free upon receipt of \$1.65. AND FOR 16¢ AND THIS NOTICE.

you get sufficient seed of Celery, Carrot, Cabbage, Onion, Lettuce, Radish and Flower Seeds to furnish bushels of choice flowers and lots of vegetables for a big family, together with our great plant and seed catalog. (W. N. U.)

No one is sick these days, he is either ill or there is nothing the matter with him. When a man loses confidence in himself he makes the vote unanimous.

Wiggle-Stick LAUNDRY BLUE  
Won't spill, break, freeze nor spot clothes. Costs 10 cents and equals 20 cents worth of any other bluing. If your grocer does not keep it send 10¢ for sample to The Laundry Blue Co., 14 Michigan Street, Chicago.

The more of a pup the more dogmatic it is apt to be.  
Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children.  
Successfully used by Mother Gray, nurse in the Children's Home in New York, cure Constipation, Feverishness, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and Destroy Worms. Over 30,000 testimonials. At all druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.  
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 35c.

ARE YOUR CLOTHES FADED?  
Use Red Cross Ball Blue and 1 make them white again. Large 2 oz. package, 5 cents. Toleration is not liberty.

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Only \$4 down and \$4 per month; no interest. Any quantity at \$3 per acre. 10, 100 and 1,000 acre tracts—\$150.00 acres. The great Sabinal land grant on Neivitas harbor, finest in the world; land guaranteed level; hard wood timber. The landing place of Christopher Columbus. Send for illustrated prospectus, map, etc.—FREE.  
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816 Nat'l Life Bldg., CHICAGO.

W. L. DOUGLAS  
\$3.50 & \$3 SHOES  
W. L. Douglas shoes have by their excellent style, easy-fitting, and superior wearing qualities, achieved the largest sale of any shoes in the world.



They are just as good as those that cost you \$4 to \$5—the only difference is the price.  
Sold Everywhere.  
Look for name and price on bottom: Douglas makes Corona, Coltskin, which is everywhere conceded to be the finest Patent Leather yet produced. Foot Cover Epatant. Shoes by mail, 25c. extra. Write for Catalog. W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.

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WHOLE MAPLE  
WHEAT SYRUP  
Maple-Flake  
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The Shredded Whole Wheat Cracker Succeeds Bread, Toast and Crackers in every form

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**Dr. H. H. Avery**  
You will find only up-to-date methods used, accompanied by the much needed experience that crown and bridge work requires.  
Prices as reasonable as first class work can be done.  
Office, over Rattery's Tailor Shop.

**OLIVE LODGE NO. 156, F. & A. M.**  
Regular meetings of Olive Lodge, No. 156, F. & A. M. for 1904.  
Jan. 26, March 1, March 29, April 26, May 24, June 21, July 26, Aug. 23, Sept. 20, Oct. 18, Nov. 22. Annual meeting and election of officers Dec. 20.  
C. W. MARONEY, Sec.

**Chelsea Camp, No. 7338, Modern Woodmen of America.** Meetings on the first Saturday and third Monday of each month.

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**GEORGE HALLER, sr.,**  
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It does not necessarily mean that you must be wearing spectacles, but working by artificial light, etc., causes poor eye sight in over one half the people. Only the latest improved instruments used in testing.

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25 CENTS  
156 ADAMS ST. CHICAGO.

**Dragging Pains**

2825 Keeley St., CHICAGO, ILL., Oct. 2, 1902.

I suffered with falling and congestion of the womb, with severe pains through the groin. I suffered terribly at the time of menstruation, had blinding headaches and rushing of blood to the brain. What to try I knew not, for it seemed that I had tried all and failed, but I had never tried Wine of Cardui, that blessed remedy for sick women. I found it pleasant to take and soon knew that I had the right medicine. New blood seemed to course through my veins and after using eleven bottles I was a well woman.

*Mrs. Bush*

Mrs. Bush is now in perfect health because she took Wine of Cardui for menstrual disorders, bearing down pains and blinding headaches when all other remedies failed to bring her relief. Any sufferer may secure health by taking Wine of Cardui in her home. The first bottle convinces the patient she is on the road to health.

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

**WINE OF CARDUI**

**WILLIAM CASPARY,**  
The baker invites you to try his  
Breads, Cakes, Macaroons,  
Loaf Cake, Lady Fingers,  
Ginger Snaps, and Pies.

Everything strictly fresh and in first-class shape. Give a call.

**LUNCHES SERVED.**

A full line of home made Candles on hand. Please give me a call.

**WILLIAM CASPARY**  
**OSTEOPATHY**  
Dr. A. D. Chin, a practitioner of Jackson, Mich., also a graduate of the College of Osteopathy of Kirksville, Mo., and has had 3 years of practical experience, has opened a branch office in Chelsea at Mr. Gorman's residence and will be here on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays from 7 a. m. to 1 p. m. of each week.  
Remember the time and place. Consultation and examination free. Prices reasonable.

**E. W. DANIELS,**  
NORTH LAKE'S  
**AUCTIONEER.**  
Satisfaction Guaranteed. No charge for Auction Bills.  
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**Family Washings.**  
We can handle a few more Family Washings. Our prices are low. Ask about it.

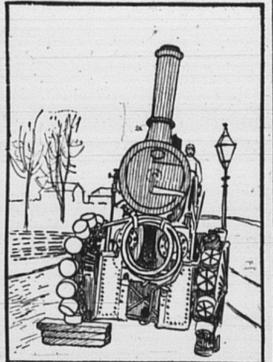
**The Chelsea Steam Laundry.**  
Baths.

When you read The Standard's ads

**A WALKING MACHINE**  
Odd English Invention That May Be Useful in Many Ways.

It Imitates the Locomotion of a Heavy Animal and Can Climb Over Obstacles of a Considerable Size.

For some years past Liverpool has been the forefront in scientific study and practical experiment of means of road haulage of freight. Contests of motor wagons are held here yearly under the auspices of the Self-Propelled Traffic Association, of which the Earl of Derby is the president. The amount of heavy haulage in Liverpool from the ships and docks to local warehouses and railway stations is probably greater than in any other city in the world, and is a serious item in the cost of goods. Then railroad freight charges in England are enormous—from two to six times as much as in the United States. Consequently, there is always great interest in this city in any in-



TURNING A CORNER OVER AN OBSTACLE.

vention or system which promises to reduce the cost of haulage.

Prof. Hele-Shaw, of the engineering department of the Liverpool university, is admittedly one of the greatest living authorities on mechanical locomotion; therefore his unequivocal and enthusiastic endorsement of a new invention called the "pedrail" has attracted wide and respectful attention in England, not only among the general public, but among scientific engineers.

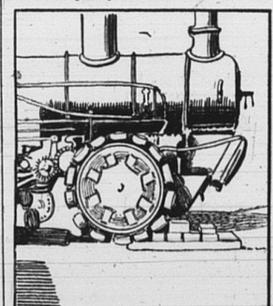
The pedrail is variously described as a "walking locomotive," a "half traction engine and half walking machine," a "combination of an endless railway and a trotting machine," and a "rail moving on wheels." The Automotor Journal, of London, describes it as "a traction engine which actually and literally walks upstairs with the stride and sure-footedness of an elephant and hauls loads behind it under circumstances which would nonplus an ordinary traction engine. Ruts, curbstones, and bowlders it makes nothing of, and even nine-inch balks of timber are stubble before it." The inventor is Mr. Bramah Joseph Diplock, of London. Prof. Hele-Shaw says that he had some years since conceived the idea of a locomotive with rails moving on wheels. He encountered difficulties which to him seemed insuperable, but these difficulties, he asserts, Mr. Diplock has surmounted. The professor declares that the pedrail is "a revolution in mechanical locomotion." The pedrail, it is claimed, can be used with advantage not only for ordinary freight haulage on common roads, but is thoroughly practicable as a traction engine over bad roads, and even in districts where there are no roads at all and where progress by the ordinary traction engine would be absolutely impossible. It would, for instance, as claimed, be suitable for hauling minerals from newly developed mines and heavy lumber from partly cleared forests, and

LEADING INTO THE HOMESTRETCH.

C. A. Waldron attended a meeting of the board of directors of the state fair association held at Kalamazoo, last week. He is one of the 24 directors and they are trying to decide on a permanent location for the state fair. Jackson and Saginaw have made the best offers for the location and it practically rests between those two cities.—Tecumseh News.

**THE LONGEST WAY AROUND.**  
W. J. Dancer went to Lansing last Friday and is trying to get home had rather a long ride. Knowing that the Michigan Central track was blocked by a washout, he took the early Pere Marquette train for South Lyon, and arrived too late to catch the train west. He then went on to Plymouth, over to Jackson and home on the evening train, going clear around home and coming back from the west the same as he started.—Stockbridge Brief.

Now is the time to clean house—clean your system first, drive out the microbes of winter with Hollister's Rocky Mountain Tea. It will keep you well all summer. 35 cents. Tea or tablets. Glazier & Stimson.



THE PEDRAIL MOUNTING AN OBSTACLE.

would successfully meet the rough emergencies of military operations.

Briefly, the invention might be described as replacing the wheels of an ordinary traction engine by revolving frames carrying sliding spokes, each spoke having at its end a circular foot, and on the spoke itself, at a little distance above the foot, a small wheel or roller. In connection with each series of revolving spokes a fixed frame is attached to the side of the traction engine. This fixed frame somewhat resembles in form an inverted heart. When the axles revolve the spokes are carried round and in turn place the feet upon the ground. At the same time the wheels, which run round in contact with the heart-shaped frame, when brought underneath it—that is, under what may be described as the broader portion of the heart—act in turn as supports for the heart-shaped frame to glide over. Hence the engine is itself supported in turn through the wheels by the spokes which happen at the time to be resting with their feet upon the ground.

**NEWSY NUGGETS**  
FROM NEARBY NEIGHBORS

**THIS IS SO, TOO.**  
The water escape is just now attracting more attention than the landscape. As a personal matter good luck outranks art.—Ypsilanton.

**BASE BALL FOR CLINTON.**  
The high school boys have organized a baseball team, and our citizens have made liberal donations to help them get started.—Clinton Local.

**TERRIBLE IF TRUCK.**  
The story is told of a Clinton young man who is so slow, that after he leaves Sunday evening, his girl has to mope up her own hair in order to make believe she had been kissed.—Tecumseh News.

**NOT GONE BUT GOING.**  
While digging a grave on the south slope of Oakwood cemetery yesterday, Jacob Lutz found the ground still frozen solid to a depth of three feet. Some have said the frost was all out—nit.—Saline Observer.

**A SECOND DISTRICT DEWEY.**  
Fred Bowerford, of Adrian, was out before the examining board at Ann Arbor Tuesday and is entitled to the appointment of a cadet at Annapolis at the hands of Congressman Townsend.—Clinton Local.

**THE WETTEST EVER.**  
The Huron river was the highest last Friday and Saturday at this point that it has been for 50 years. For the first time since the Peninsula mill raceway was dug the river and race are all one, the banks being completely under water.—Dexter Leader.

**INDEPENDENT TELEPHONE.**  
The independent telephone company of Jackson, Ann Arbor and Detroit will build a connecting line from Ann Arbor to this village the coming season. This will be a great convenience to merchants and business men generally who desire communication with Detroit.—Grass Lake News.

**A STRONG GAME.**  
A new game is said to be very popular at Battle Creek, called the "Onion Social," and is played as follows. The young ladies stand in a row, one of them bites a piece out of an onion, and the fellows pay 10 cents a guess who it is. The correct guessers kiss the other girls, while the unsuccessful kiss the girl who bit the onion. The game has its strong points.—Manchester Enterprise.

**WEAK NERVES**  
When the nerves are weak everything goes wrong. You are tired all the time, easily discouraged, nervous, and irritable. Your cheeks are pale and your blood is thin. Your doctor says you are threatened with a nervous breakdown. He orders this grand old family medicine.

**Weak Nerves**  
Keep the bowels regular with Ayer's Pills. Just one pill each night.

**GARDEN SEEDS.**

**Young Plants**  
Every farmer knows that some plants grow better than others. Soil may be the same and seed may seem the same but some plants are weak and others strong.

And that's the way with children. They are like young plants. Same food, same home, same care but some grow big and strong while others stay small and weak.

Scott's Emulsion offers an easy way out of the difficulty. Child weakness often means starvation, not because of lack of food, but because the food does not feed.

Scott's Emulsion really feeds and gives the child growing strength.

Whatever the cause of weakness and failure to grow—Scott's Emulsion seems to find it and set the matter right.

Send for free sample. Scott & Bowne, Chemists, 40 Pearl St., New York, N. Y. and \$1.00; all druggists.

**DON'T TAKE THE SHORT-STOP**  
FOR THE WORST COUGHS AND COLDS  
**THE CURE THAT'S SURE**

For all Diseases of Throat and Lungs. The Cure that's Doubly Guaranteed: First by the Proprietors and second by the Druggist

**DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY**  
FOR CONSUMPTION, COUGHS AND COLDS

H. E. BUCKLEN & Co., CHICAGO.  
Gentlemen—I take pleasure in stating to you that I had lung trouble for two years. It confined me to my bed for four weeks. I took three bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption and it cured me. I have not had a pain in my lungs since. I heartily recommend it for all Lung Troubles.  
J. W. JOHNSON.

SIMS, ARK., Oct. 14, 1903.

**LARGE BOTTLES 50c and \$1. Trial Bottles FREE**

**SOLD AND RECOMMENDED BY**

**GLAZIER & STIMSON.**

**Kodol DYSPEPSIA CURE**  
DIGESTS WHAT YOU EAT  
The \$1.00 bottle contains 24 times the trial size, which sells for 50 cents.  
PREPARED ONLY AT THE LABORATORY OF  
**E. C. DEWITT & COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.**

**GLAZIER & STIMSON.**

**GERMAN SYRUP.**  
We want to impress on our readers that Boschee's German Syrup is positively the only preparation on the market to-day that does relieve and cure consumption. It contains the specific, such as pure tar, extracts of gums, etc., which have been so highly endorsed for the cure of coughs, colds and consumption by the great medical congresses. The consumptive, whether his disease is in the throat or lungs, must have rest at night, and be free from the spasms of dry and racking cough in the morning. The diseased parts want rest, healing and soothing treatment, and the patient needs fresh air, good food, etc. German Syrup will give free and easy expectoration in the morning with speedy and permanent relief. Small bottles, 25 cents; regular size, containing nearly four times as much, 75 cents. At Glazier & Stimsons.

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Branch Office, 65 F St., Washington, D. C.

**MICHIGAN CENTRAL**  
"The Niagara Falls Route."  
Time Card, taking effect, Dec. 27, 1903.  
TRAINS EAST:  
No. 8—Detroit Night Express 5:38 a. m.  
No. 36—Atlantic Express 8:29 a. m.  
No. 12—G. R. and Kalamazoo 10:40 a. m.  
No. 2—Mail 3:15 p. m.  
TRAINS WEST:  
No. 11—Mich. and Chicago exp. 5:45 a. m.  
No. 5—Mail 8:35 a. m.  
No. 13—G. R. and Kalamazoo 6:30 p. m.  
No. 37—Pacific Express 10:52 p. m.  
\* Nos. 11, 36 and 37 stop on signal only to let off and take on passengers.  
O. W. RUDOLFS, Gen. Pass & Ticket Agent.  
W. T. GLAUCHE, Agent.

**Ayer's Sarsaparilla**  
When the nerves are weak everything goes wrong. You are tired all the time, easily discouraged, nervous, and irritable. Your cheeks are pale and your blood is thin. Your doctor says you are threatened with a nervous breakdown. He orders this grand old family medicine.

**Weak Nerves**  
Keep the bowels regular with Ayer's Pills. Just one pill each night.

**GARDEN SEEDS.**

**Young Plants**  
Every farmer knows that some plants grow better than others. Soil may be the same and seed may seem the same but some plants are weak and others strong.

**STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW.** The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands against the estate of Albert P. Senek late of said county deceased, hereby give notice that four months from date hereof, by order of said Probate Court, for creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the office of John Kalmbach in the Village of Chelsea in said county, on the 16th day of May and on the 16th day of July next, at ten o'clock a. m. of each said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

Dated, March 16th, 1904.  
DANIEL STREETER,  
GEORGE HININGER,  
Commissioners.

**COMMISSIONERS' NOTICE**  
STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said County, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands against the estate of William P. Killam late of said county deceased, hereby give notice that four months from date hereof, by order of said Probate Court, for creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and that they will meet at the office of John Kalmbach in the Village of Chelsea in said county, on the 3rd day of July next, at ten o'clock a. m. of each said days, to receive, examine and adjust said claims.

Dated, March 16th, 1904.  
EMIL ZINCK,  
PETER FLEISCHER,  
Commissioners.

**COMMISSIONERS' NOTICE**  
STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW. The undersigned, with the authority of the Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw, Michigan, do hereby hold, sell at Public Auction, to the highest bidder, the premises described in said mortgage, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the amount so due at the date of this notice, for principal and interest, the sum of four hundred and forty-eight dollars and no cents, together with said attorney's fee, to-wit:

Village Lots numbered one and four in Block number forty-six. Also beginning at a point in the westerly line of Block number forty-three and the easterly line of Wolverine Street and extending to a point twelve rods south of the corner of the said Wolverine Street, running thence southerly along said line to the southwesterly corner of said Block number forty-three and to the northerly line of Vernon Street, running thence easterly along the southerly line of Block No. 43 and 44 of said village, and the northerly line of said Vernon Street and to the southeasterly corner of said Block number forty-four, thence north along the easterly line of said Block number forty-four to the northwesterly corner of said Block and to the southerly line of Duncan Street, running thence southerly parallel with the easterly line of Wolverine Street twelve rods and five feet; running thence westerly 44 rods or thereabouts to the place of beginning and being a part of Block number forty-three and forty-four of said Village of Manchester, Michigan.

Dated, February 24th, 1904.

**NOTICE TO CREDITORS.**  
STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF WASHTENAW, ss. Notice is hereby given, that by an order of the Probate Court for the county of Washtenaw, made on the 26th day of February A. D. 1904 four months from that date were allowed for creditors to present their claims against the estate of James M. Walsh, late of said county, deceased, and that all creditors of said deceased are required to present their claims to said Probate Court, at the Probate office in the city of Ann Arbor, for examination and allowance, on or before the 26th day of June next, and that such claims will be heard before said court, on the 26th day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of each said day.

Dated, Ann Arbor, February 26 A. D. 1904.  
WILLIAM L. WATKINS,  
Judge of Probate.

**D. Y. A. A. & J. RAILWAY.**  
Leave Chelsea for Detroit at 6:30 a. m. and every hour thereafter until 6:30 p. m. Tues at 8:30 a. m. and 8:30 p. m.  
Leave Chelsea for Ypsilanti at 12:09 a. m. and every hour thereafter until 7:50 p. m. Tues at 9:50 and 11:50 p. m.  
Special cars for the accommodation of private parties will be arranged for at the Detroit office, Majestic building, or at the Manager's office, Ypsilanti.

**MORTGAGE SALE.**  
DEFAULT having been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage made by Johanna Schmidt of the County of Washtenaw, to Christian F. Kapp of the same place, dated the first day of May, 1902, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the County of Washtenaw and State of Michigan, in Liber 101 of Mortgages, as page 215, assigned by the said Christian F. Kapp to Arthur J. Waters by deed of assignment, bearing date February 11th, 1904, and duly recorded in said register's office in Liber 14 of Assignments of Mortgages, on page 317, and in which mortgage the sum of \$1,000 was claimed to be due at the date of this notice, for principal and interest, the sum of four hundred and forty-eight dollars and no cents, together with said attorney's fee, to-wit:

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.** That by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and the statutes in such case made and provided, on TUESDAY, THE TWENTY-NINTH DAY OF MAY, A. D. 1904, at ELEVEN O'CLOCK IN THE FORENOON, the undersigned will, at the south door of the Court House, in the City of Ann Arbor, Washtenaw County, Michigan, that being the place where the Circuit Court for the County of Washtenaw is held, sell at Public Auction, to the highest bidder, the premises described in said mortgage, or so much thereof as may be necessary to pay the amount so due as aforesaid on said mortgage, with six per cent interest, and all legal costs, together with said attorney's fee, to-wit:

Village Lots numbered one and four in Block number forty-six. Also beginning at a point in the westerly line of Block number forty-three and the easterly line of Wolverine Street and extending to a point twelve rods south of the corner of the said Wolverine Street, running thence southerly along said line to the southwesterly corner of said Block number forty-three and to the northerly line of Vernon Street, running thence easterly along the southerly line of Block No. 43 and 44 of said village, and the northerly line of said Vernon Street and to the southeasterly corner of said Block number forty-four, thence north along the easterly line of said Block number forty-four to the northwesterly corner of said Block and to the southerly line of Duncan Street, running thence southerly parallel with the easterly line of Wolverine Street twelve rods and five feet; running thence westerly 44 rods or thereabouts to the place of beginning and being a part of Block number forty-three and forty-four of said Village of Manchester, Michigan.

Dated, February 24th, 1904.

Assignee of Mortgage.  
**TURNBULL & WITHERELL,**  
Attorneys for Assignee.

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